DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

LEAD OUTREACH GRANT PROGRAM

Billing Code 4210-32-C
Funding Availability for the Lead Outreach Grant Program

Program Overview

Purpose of the Program. The purpose of this lead outreach grant program is to:
(A) Increase enrollment of low-income housing units for treatment via the HUD lead hazard control grant program or another lead hazard treatment program.
(B) Develop and distribute outreach and educational materials in order to raise public awareness of childhood lead poisoning, its prevention and proper lead hazard identification and control methods among at-risk communities and at-risk populations of children and workers in the housing maintenance or rehabilitation fields; and
(C) Encourage occupants to identify potential lead-based paint hazards and report them to property owners and managers, and public health and/or housing officials as appropriate.

Available Funds. Approximately $2,200,000, including approximately $480,000 in FY 2003 funds, and approximately $1,720,000 in previous-year recaptured funds.

Eligible Applicants. States, Tribes and units of general local government are eligible. Partnerships are encouraged, although the application must be made by a single entity.


Match. None required

Additional Information

If you are interested in applying for funding under this program, please carefully read the General Section of this SuperNOFA and the following additional information.

I. Application Due Date and Technical Assistance

(A) Application Due Date. Completed applications (one original and four copies) must be submitted and received by HUD on or before 12 midnight on June 10, 2003, at the address shown below.

(B) Application Submission Procedures. HUD has implemented security procedures that impact application submission. Please review the requirements for mailing and receipt of applications in the General Section of this SuperNOFA to ensure that your application is timely filed. No hand deliveries will be accepted.

(C) Application Submission. See the General Section of this Super Notice of Funding Availability (SuperNOFA) for specific procedures concerning the form of application submission and requirements for receipt (e.g., mailed applications, express mail or overnight delivery). Please note that the requirements for submission have been revised this year. Be advised that there is no Application Kit for this year’s Lead Outreach Grant Program. This program NOFA clearly describes the requirements for completing a successful application and all forms and certifications needed to complete a successful application are included in the General Section and Lead Outreach Grant Program sections of this SuperNOFA.

II. Authority, Funding Amounts and Amount of Funds Allocated

(A) Authority. The authority for this program is Section 1011(e)(8) & (g)(1) of the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992 (Title X of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1992), and Division K of the Consolidated Appropriations Resolution of 2003, Pub. L. 108-7, signed February 20, 2003.

(B) Funding Available and Eligibility. Approximately $2,200,000, including approximately $480,000 in Fiscal Year 2003 funds from the lead technical assistance set aside under the lead hazard reduction appropriation, and approximately $1,720,000 in previous-year recaptured funds, will be available for the Lead Outreach Program. Grants will be awarded on a competitive basis following evaluation of all proposals according to the Factors described in Section V of this program section. Between five and 11 States, Tribes or units of general local government could receive grant awards ranging between approximately $200,000 and approximately $500,000. A minimum score of 75 is required for award consideration. The amounts included in this program are subject to change based on funds availability.

III. Eligible Applicants and Activities

(A) Background

Lead toxicity in children has been well established, yet childhood lead poisoning is the primary childhood environmental health problem in the United States today. The February 2000, report of the President’s Task Force on Environmental Health Risks and Safety Risks to Children, titled “Eliminating Childhood Lead Poisoning: A Federal Strategy Targeting Lead Paint Hazards,” sets forth what action needs to be taken to prevent such poisoning. In addition to eliminating lead hazards in housing occupied by low-income families with children, the Federal government’s public education and outreach activities must measurably increase the public’s awareness of lead hazards and how to address them.

In keeping with the mandates of section 1011(g)(1) of Title X for HUD “develop the capacity of eligible applicants to carry out activities under” lead hazard control grant programs, the Department has conducted outreach and public education initiatives through the Lead Hazard Control Grant program, the National Lead Information Center, and other education and outreach initiatives. Lead Hazard Control Grants are awarded competitively to eligible States, tribes, or units of local government to perform lead hazard reduction in low-income privately owned pre-1978 housing. Lead outreach activities contribute to building the capacity of jurisdictions to submit successful applications for lead hazard control grants, because they have the effect of inducing local businesses to enter into the lead hazard control field before jurisdictions apply for the grants and, thus, increase jurisdictions’ ability to demonstrate their capacity to meet the grant’s requirements. These inducements can be expressed by the market directly, and/or through the efforts of the jurisdictions.

HUD’s lead awareness supplement to the Current Population Survey has determined that only a fraction of citizens are well-educated about how lead-based paint hazards threaten young children and are more common in older housing. One consequence of this low level of awareness is that few housing
construction and maintenance business owners are aware of the extent of lead-based paint hazards. One result is that few areas have an adequate supply of businesses that work in the lead hazard control field, or an adequate supply of workers trained to perform interim controls or lead hazard abatement for more than their HUD-assisted pre-1978 housing, as required by the Lead Safe Housing Rule.

Lead outreach activities have the effect of encouraging residents of older low-income housing to prompt their state, tribal or local governments to control lead-based paint hazards. In turn, these governments are induced to consider obtaining funding under the HUD Lead Hazard Control Grant Program, or perform lead hazard reduction in conjunction with other housing, health or environmental activities. In practice, this can be done only if housing owners and occupants are aware of and apply for enrollment in lead hazard treatment programs.

Potential applicant agencies are, thereby, induced to promote lead hazard control activities locally, by working with private-sector stakeholders (e.g., grassroots organizations, including faith-based and community-based non-profit organizations, community colleges, etc.). As described above, HUD’s outreach efforts contribute to the timely performance of successful lead hazard control work and associated capacity building.

Outcomes of this outreach program include:
(1) Increasing and maximizing opportunities to raise visibility of and publicize the lead issue among the general public, and invigorating the efforts in both the public and private sectors to take action to eradicate childhood lead poisoning, especially by increasing the number of low-income housing units that are enrolled in lead hazard treatment programs.

(2) Increasing lead awareness in communities identified as being at greatest risk of lead poisoning (e.g., those with many low-income and minority families), with special interest in target audiences within those communities, such as parents, pregnant women, health care providers, multi-family and single family housing owners, corporations, educational institutions such as community colleges, schools, non-profit organizations, and historic preservation, renovation, remodeling, weatherization and maintenance firms and personnel, major banks, lenders, and insurance companies, housing inspectors, real estate professionals and appraisers, homeowners and low-income minority families.

(3) Increasing the base of support for this important outreach activity through the creation of partnerships between public and private entities, especially grassroots organizations, including faith-based and community-based non-profit organizations and community colleges.

(4) Implementing strategies to directly contact and speak to the general public, especially high-risk populations, or media strategies for using print, radio and/or television, as applicable, to increase public awareness of childhood lead poisoning and ways to prevent it.

(5) Disseminating existing tools and, as needed, new tools to inform parents and caregivers about lead-related hazards and enabling them to take prompt corrective action, especially enrolling their housing in lead hazard treatment programs.

(B) Eligible Applicants

(1) States, Tribes, and units of general local government are eligible. Partnerships are encouraged, although the application must be made by a single entity. Non-profit organizations, such as groups of parents of lead poisoned children, and grassroots organizations, including faith-based and community-based non-profit organizations, and colleges and universities, can be sub-grantees or sub-contractors.

(2) As an applicant, you must meet all of the threshold requirements of the General Section (Section V(B)) as well as any specific threshold requirements for applicants under the Lead Outreach Grant Program. Applications will not be rated or ranked if they do not meet the threshold requirements of the General Section of this SuperNOFA.

(3) All awardees are expected to commence activity immediately upon completion of budget and work plan negotiations, and execution of the grant agreement.

(C) Eligible Activities

Eligible activities to be funded under this program include, but are not limited to, developing and conducting education and outreach campaigns in high-risk communities to:

—Increase lead awareness.
—Encourage owners and low-income occupants to enroll their housing units in programs conducting lead hazard treatment activities.

—Encourage owners and low-income occupants to identify potential lead-based paint hazards and report them to property owners and managers, and public health and/or housing officials as appropriate.

HUD is interested in promoting approaches that are cost-effective and efficient and that result in the reduction of lead poisoning for the maximum number of children, and, in particular, low-income children. Section II of the General Section of this SuperNOFA presents HUD’s FY 2003 Policy Priorities.

Outreach can take various forms, depending on the intended audience(s). Activities may include publicizing and/or conducting events, developing and distributing publications in, for example, stores, schools, churches, community centers, or other neighborhood locations, making presentations, or forging partnerships to cost-effectively disseminate information to populations identified as being at-risk. Regardless of the form of outreach you choose to implement, all eligible activities must identify at-risk populations (or areas), propose an outreach program to meet those populations’ information needs, and evaluate the program’s effectiveness.

(1) Eligible activities may include:

(a) Establishing partnerships with non-profit organizations and associations, such as grassroots organizations, including faith-based, parent, and community-based non-profit organizations, or corporations, retailers, construction organizations, and unions or for the purpose of coordinating or conducting joint activities;

(b) Preparing publications, graphics, public service announcements, posters and entries for newspapers and magazines with local and/or regional distribution. These activities could include training local residents and businesses on identifying potential lead-based paint hazards, and lead-safe maintenance and renovation practices, etc.;

(c) Making materials available in alternative formats for persons with disabilities (e.g., Braille, audio, large type), and in languages other than English that are common in the community, whenever possible. Applicants are encouraged to utilize minority media in an effort to achieve diversity in outreach and educational efforts. Applications that include development and distribution of media products in languages other than English must include a discussion of the applicant’s (or subcontractor’s) expertise in those languages and in meeting the informational needs of non-English-speaking underserved populations.

(d) Preparing quarterly progress reports and an overall final grant report,
detailing activities (e.g., the number of low-income housing units enrolled in lead hazard treatment programs as a result of activities performed under this grant, number and type of materials produced, activities conducted, evaluation of the various outreach and educational methods used, findings, and recommended future actions at the conclusion of grant activities).

(2) Support Elements.
(a) Your administrative costs. There is a 10 percent maximum for administrative costs. Specific information about administrative costs is included in Appendix D of this program section of this NOFA.
(b) Program planning and management costs of sub-grantees and other sub-recipients.

(D) Ineligible Activities
(1) Purchase of real property.
(2) Purchase or lease of equipment having a per-unit cost in excess of $5,000, unless prior written approval is obtained from HUD.
(3) Hazard abatement, hazard reduction, rehabilitation, remodeling, repair, or other construction work.

IV. Requirements and Procedures Applicable to the Lead Outreach Grant Program
In addition to program requirements listed in the General Section of this SuperNOFA, you, the applicant, must comply with the following requirements:

(A) Budgeting
(1) Matching Contribution. You are not required to provide a matching contribution in the Lead Outreach Program.
(2) Administrative Costs. There is a 10 percent maximum for administrative costs. Additional information about allowable administrative costs is provided in Appendix D of this program section of this NOFA.

(B) Period of Performance. The period of performance cannot exceed 24 months from the date of the award, except that HUD reserves the right to approve no cost time extensions for a total period not to exceed 12 months.

(C) Environmental Review. In accordance with 24 CFR 50.19(b)(2) and (b)(3) of the HUD regulations, activities assisted under this program are categorically excluded from the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321) and are not subject to environmental review under the related laws and authorities.

(D) Certifications and Assurances.
You must include the certifications and assurances listed in the General Section of this SuperNOFA with your application. A Certification of Consistency with the Consolidated Plan is not required for this program Section of this SuperNOFA.

(E) Conducting Business in Accordance with HUD Core Values and Ethical Standards. If awarded assistance under the Lead Outreach NOFA, you will be required, prior to entering into a grant agreement with HUD, to submit a copy of your code of conduct and describe the methods you will use to ensure that all officers, employees, and agents of your organization are aware of your code of conduct. (See Section V(B)(3) of the General Section of this SuperNOFA for information about conducting business in accordance with HUD’s core values and ethical standards.)

(F) Ensuring the Participation of Small Businesses, Small Disadvantaged Businesses, and Women-Owned Businesses. The Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is committed to ensuring that small businesses, small disadvantaged businesses and women-owned businesses participate fully in HUD’s direct contracting and in contracting opportunities generated by HUD grant funds. Too often, these businesses still experience difficulty accessing information and successfully bidding on Federal contracts. HUD Regulations at 24 CFR 85.36(e) require recipients of assistance (grantees and sub-grantees) to take all necessary affirmative steps in contracting for purchase of goods or services to assure that minority firms, women’s business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible. Affirmative steps shall include:
(1) Placing qualified small and minority businesses and women’s business enterprises on solicitation lists.
(2) Assuring that small and minority business and women’s business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources.
(3) Dividing total requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority businesses, and women’s business enterprises.
(4) Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, which encourage participation by small and minority business, and women’s business enterprises.
(5) Using the services and assistance of the Small Business Administration, and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce.

(G) Participation in HUD-Sponsored Program Evaluation. As a condition of the receipt of financial assistance under this NOFA, you will be required to cooperate with all HUD staff or contractors performing HUD-funded research and evaluation studies pertaining to the subject of the grant.

(H) HUD Reform Act of 1989. See the General Section of this SuperNOFA for information regarding the applicability of the HUD Reform Act.

V. Application Selection Process

(A) Rating and Ranking. Please see Section VI(B) of the General Section of this SuperNOFA. Only those applications that meet the threshold requirements will be rated and ranked. HUD intends to award the highest ranked applications receiving a minimum score of 75 within the limits of funding.

(B) Factors for Award Used to Evaluate and Rate Applications. The factors for rating and ranking applicants, and maximum points for each factor, are stated below. The maximum number of points to be awarded is 102, including the potential for two bonus points, as described in the General Section of this SuperNOFA.

Rating Factor 1: Capacity of the Applicant and Relevant Organizational Experience (20 Points)
This factor addresses your organizational capacity necessary to successfully implement your proposed activities in a timely manner. The rating of you or your staff includes any grassroots organizations, including faith-based and other community-based non-profit organizations, subcontractors, consultants, sub-recipients, and members of consortia that are firmly committed to your project. For all of the descriptions of personnel and organizational qualifications and experience in this factor, more points will be given for more recent relevant experience of high quality with this kind of work, as documented below. Applicants who are funding or subcontracting with grassroots organizations, including faith-based, and other community-based non-profit organizations, in conducting their work programs should include the qualifications and experience of these organizations in responding to this rating factor. In rating this factor HUD will consider:
(1) Your recent, relevant and successful demonstrated experience in undertaking eligible program activities.
You must describe the knowledge and experience of the proposed overall project director and day-to-day project
manager in planning and managing large and complex interdisciplinary outreach programs, especially those involving housing, public health, or environmental programs. In your narrative response for this factor, you should include information on your project staff, their experience, percentage commitment to the project, and position titles. You must provide resumes (or position descriptions and copies of job announcements including salary range, for vacant positions) of up to three pages each for the project director, project manager, and up to three key personnel, and a clearly delineated organizational chart for the Lead Outreach project in Appendix 1 of your application. Indicate the name of the position of key personnel, the percentage of time that proposed staff will devote to your project and any salary costs to be paid by funds from this program. Include descriptions of the experience and qualifications of subcontractors and consultants. You may find it useful to include a table indicating the name, position and percentage contribution of staff members, specifying organizational affiliation. HUD reserves the right to terminate grant awards made to applicants that fail to timely hire (within 90 days of award) staff to fill key positions identified in the applicant’s proposal as vacant.

(b) Your qualifications to carry out the proposed activities as evidenced by experience, training, and/or relevant publications of project staff, and whether you have sufficient personnel, or will be able to quickly retain qualified experts or professionals to begin your proposed project immediately, and to perform your proposed activities in a timely and effective fashion. Describe how principal components of your organization will participate in, or support, your project. You should thoroughly describe capacity, as demonstrated by experience in initiating and implementing and evaluating related health education, outreach and recruitment projects.

(c) Your past performance in previous projects with an emphasis on health education, outreach and recruitment. Provide details about the nature of the project, the funding agency, and your performance, relative to performance measures or the achievement of desired health outcomes. If a subgrantee or subcontractor is an existing lead outreach grantee, provide a description of the progress and outcomes achieved in that grant. HUD’s evaluation process will consider an applicant’s past performance in effectively organizing and managing their grant operations, in meeting performance and work plan benchmarks and goals, and in managing funds, including their ability to account for funds appropriately, timely use of funds received either from HUD or other Federal, State, Tribal or local programs, and meeting performance milestones. HUD may use other information relating to these items from sources at hand, public sources such as newspapers, Inspector General or Government Accounting Office Reports or Findings, hotline complaints, or other sources of information that have been proven to have merit.

Rating Factor 2: Need/Extent of the Problem (15 Points)

This factor addresses the extent to which there is a need for your proposed project activities to address documented problems, target area(s) and target populations. Applications that demonstrate a greater need for lead outreach beyond existing levels as a mechanism for increasing enrollment in lead hazard treatment programs, or more thoroughly document this need will earn higher numbers of points.

(a) Your application should document a critical level of need for your proposed outreach activities in the area(s) where activities will be carried out. You should pay specific attention to documenting the need for outreach to increase enrollment of low-income housing units in lead hazard treatment programs as it applies to your target area(s) and target populations, rather than a larger geographic area or general population. Examples of information that might be used to demonstrate need, include:

1. Economic or sociological information relevant to your target area(s). If this information is applied locally, the neighborhoods or type of neighborhoods to be targeted should be characterized with regard to age of housing and populations that the outreach activities are attempting to reach.

2. Data documenting targeted populations that are traditionally underserved or have special needs. For a maximum score in this Rating Factor, data provided should specifically represent the target area. If the data presented in your response does not specifically represent your target area, you should discuss why the target areas are being proposed. If your application addresses needs that are in the Consolidated Plan or Analysis of Impediments (AI) to Fair Housing Choice (see paragraph V.C of the General Section of this SuperNOFA), court orders or consent decrees, settlements, conciliation agreements, or voluntary compliance agreements, you will receive more points than applicants that do not relate their project to an identified need.

3. Information from the local (or State or Tribe, if applicable) health department, if available, on rates of elevated blood lead levels among children residing in your target area(s).

4. Readily available information on the presence of existing outreach and educational resources in your target area(s).

Rating Factor 3: Soundness of Approach (40 Points)

This factor addresses the quality and cost-effectiveness of your proposed work plan. You should present information on your proposed approach for increasing the public’s awareness and knowledge about lead poisoning and lead-based paint hazards, and for encouraging owners and low-income family occupants to identify potential lead-based paint hazards and enroll their housing units in lead hazard treatment programs. Applications containing approaches with clear activities and sub-activities that will result in increasing the enrollment in lead hazard treatment programs; that include a range of approaches that address the needs of populations with limited English proficiency, persons with disabilities, persons with low literacy, etc.; that demonstrate a logical progression of implementation steps; that include more appropriate mechanisms for reaching audiences, and that provide better documentation of the methodology of the proposed approach, will receive higher numbers of points.

Applicants will receive higher rating points for approaches that include higher percentages of funding or subcontracting for substantive work by grassroots organizations, including faith-based, and other community-based non-profit organizations.

You should describe how proposed activities would help HUD achieve its goals for this program area. You should demonstrate your knowledge of the outreach methodology relevant to your approach. You should develop a work plan that includes specific, measurable and time-phased objectives for each major program activity, accompanied by a comprehensive schedule indicating proposed date(s) of completion. There must be a direct relationship between the proposed activities, community needs, the purpose of the project, and the numbers of low-income housing units enrolled in lead hazard treatment programs. Your response to
this factor should include the following elements:

(a) **Approach for Developing the Project.** (30 points) Describe your overall approach for your proposed project. The description must include a discussion of specific planned project activities:

1. Provide the estimated total number of low-income housing units that you expect to be enrolled in lead hazard treatment programs. Describe in detail how you will identify and track participants receiving outreach under your project, especially participants in high-risk groups and communities, vulnerable populations and persons traditionally underserved. (6 points)

2. Describe your process for developing outreach materials, or using existing materials. (3 points)

3. Describe your management processes to be used to ensure the cost-effectiveness of expenditures of funds. (2 points)

4. Describe any measurement tools you would employ to evaluate the effectiveness of your outreach and educational activities for occupants of housing units enrolled in lead hazard treatment programs before and after treatment. (3 points)

5. Describe the methods of community education you would use including community awareness, education, training, and outreach programs in support of your work plan and objectives that are culturally sensitive, targeted, and linguistically appropriate. (3 points)

6. Proposed involvement of grassroots organizations, including faith-based and other community-based non-profit organizations in the proposed activities. HUD strongly encourages you to substantively use grassroots activities. HUD strongly encourages you to substantively use grassroots activities. HUD strongly encourages you to substantively use grassroots activities. If you fail to provide a monetary commitment to the project) will not be considered in the scoring of this Rating Factor. Include information to address the following elements:

   (1) The extent to which you have coordinated your activities with other known organizations that are not directly participating in your proposed work activities, but with which you share common goals and objectives.

   (2) The extent to which your project exhibits the potential to be financially self-sustaining by decreasing dependence on Federal funding and relying more on State, Tribal, local and private funding to continue educational and outreach activities after the grant period is completed.

(b) **Approach for Implementing the Project.** (10 points) Describe your project goals and objectives and the strategy you will use in executing the project. You should provide information on the general approach and overall plan employed.

1. **Baseline Plan for Project Management.** (5 points) Include a management plan that:

   (i) Lists the outreach project objectives, major tasks and activities. All specific activities necessary to complete the proposed project must be included in the task listing.

   (ii) Incorporates appropriate performance goals with projected outputs and outcomes of the outreach program’s activities.

   (iii) Identifies major milestones and provides a schedule for the assignment, tracking and completion of major tasks and activities, and a timeframe for delivery, including reports and other proposed deliverables of the outreach activity.

   (iv) Designates resources and identifies responsible entities for performing work.

2. **Budget Justification.** (5 points) Your proposed budget will be evaluated for the extent to which it is reasonable, clearly justified, and consistent with the outreach project management plan and intended use of program funds. HUD is not required to approve or fund all proposed activities. Your budget should be submitted in the format recommended in Appendix B of the General Section of this NOFA. An electronic spreadsheet and other budgetary forms are available on HUD’s website at www.hud.gov. You must thoroughly document and justify all budget categories and costs (HUD Form 424–C) and all major tasks, for yourself, sub-recipients (especially grassroots organizations, including faith-based, and other community-based non-profit organizations), partners, major subcontractors, joint venture participants, or others contributing resources to the project, especially those proposed to receive greater than 10 percent of the Federal budget request. Describe clearly and in detail your budgeted costs for each required program element (major task) included in your overall plan.

**Rating Factor 4: Leveraging Resources (10 Points)**

This factor addresses your ability to secure other community and/or private-sector resources (such as financing, supplies or services) that can be combined with HUD's resources to achieve project purposes. These community resources may be contributions from organizations such as the applicant, subrecipients, partners, or other organizations not directly involved in the project.

(a) In evaluating this factor, HUD will consider the extent to which you have developed partnerships to secure additional resources to increase the effectiveness of your proposed project. Describe how other organizations will participate in or support your project. Resources may include funding or in-kind contributions (such as labor, fringe benefits, services, supplies, or equipment) budgeted for your proposed project. Resources may be provided by State, Tribal and local governmental entities, public or private organizations, or other partners.

(b) Each source of contributions (financial or in-kind) must be supported by a letter of commitment from the contributing entity, whether the applicant, a partner organization, or a public or private source. The letter must describe the contributed resources that will be used in your project and the dollar value of that contribution. Staff in-kind contributions should be given a market-based monetary value. If you fail to provide letters of commitment with specific details including the amount of the actual contributions, you will not get points for this factor. Each letter of commitment, memorandum of understanding, or agreement to participate shall include the organization’s name and the proposed level of commitment and responsibilities as they relate to the proposed project. The commitment must be signed by an official legally able to make commitments on behalf of the organization. Letters of support (letters that indicate support but do not specify a monetary commitment to the project) will not be considered in the scoring of this Rating Factor. Include information to address the following elements:

1. The extent to which you have coordinated your activities with other known organizations that are not directly participating in your proposed work activities, but with which you share common goals and objectives.
Rating Factor 5: Achieving Results and Program Evaluation (15 points)

This factor emphasizes HUD’s commitment to ensuring that applicants keep promises made in their application and assess program performance to ensure performance goals are met. Achieving results means you, the applicant, have clearly identified the benefits, or outcomes of your program. Outcomes are ultimate goals; for this lead outreach grant program, the major outcome is increasing the number of low-income housing units enrolled in lead hazard treatment programs as a result of the grant activity. Benchmarks or outputs are interim activities or products that lead to the ultimate achievement of your goals. Program evaluation requires that you, the applicant, identify program outcomes, interim products or benchmarks, and performance indicators that will allow you to measure your performance. Performance indicators should be objectively quantifiable and measure actual achievements against anticipated achievements. Your Evaluation Plan should identify what you are going to measure, how you are going to measure it, and the steps you have in place to make adjustments to your work plan if performance targets are not met within established timeframes.

This new rating factor reflects HUD’s goal to embrace high standards of ethics, management and accountability. In evaluating this factor, HUD will consider how you have described outcome measures and benefits of your program. In your response to this Rating Factor you are to discuss the performance goals for your project and identify specific outcome measures. You are also to describe how the outcome information will be obtained, documented, and reported. You must complete and return the Logic Model Form included in Appendix A of the General Section of this NOFA showing your proposed project long-term, mid-term, short-term and final results, and how they support HUD’s departmental goals and objectives. Information about developing a Logic Model is available at http://www.hud.gov.

In evaluating this factor, HUD will consider how you have:

(1) Described the degree to which you have identified and characterized the information needs of your intended audience or targeted populations.

(2) Refined your outreach message.

(3) Specified how you will deliver your message to the audience.

(4) Described anticipated results of specific plans and objectives and listed projected products or outputs. Outputs are actions, attendance numbers, materials, publications, inquiries or other products of the process.

(5) Demonstrated ability to measure outcomes. The major outcome is the increasing the number of low-income housing units enrolled in lead hazard treatment programs that result from the grant activity.

(6) Developed a proposed organization with the capacity to begin work immediately and incorporating adequate management planning and financial controls.

(7) Demonstrated how you have identified potential obstacles in meeting your objectives, and how you will respond to these obstacles.

(8) Described efforts to coordinate and cooperate with other organizations that will result in a reduction in lead risks to community residents.

(9) Described how your program will be held accountable for meeting program goals, objectives, and the actions undertaken in implementing the grant program. You should provide a description of the mechanism to assess progress and track performance in meeting the goals and objectives outlined in the work plan.

Bonus Points for Federally Designated Zones and Communities. (2 points)

This Section of the NOFA provides for the award of two bonus points for eligible activities/projects that the applicant proposes to be located in federally designated Empowerment Zones (EZZs), Enterprise Communities (ECs), Urban Enhanced Enterprise Communities (EECs), Strategic Planning Communities (SPCs), and Renewal Communities (RCs) serve the residents of these areas, and are certified to be consistent with the area’s strategic plan. For ease of reference in this NOFA, all these federally designated areas are collectively referred to as “RC/EZ/ECs” and residents of any of these federally designated areas as “RC/EZ/EC residents.” This NOFA contains a certification that must be completed for the applicant to be considered for RC/EZ/EC bonus points. A list of RCs, EZZs, ECs, EECs, and Strategic Planning Communities is available from HUD’s Web site at http://www.hud.gov. See also Section VII(C) of the General Section of this SuperNOFA.

VI. Application Submission Requirements

(A) Applicant Information

(1) Application Format. The application narrative response is limited to a maximum of 25 pages (excluding appendices and worksheets). Your response must be typewritten on one side only on 8½” × 11” paper using a 12-point (minimum) font with not less than ¾” margins on all sides. Appendices should be referenced and discussed in the narrative response. Materials provided in the appendices should directly apply to the rating factor narrative.

(2) Application Checklist. Your application must contain all of the required information as noted in this Section of this NOFA and the General Section of this SuperNOFA. These items include the standard forms, certifications, and assurances listed in the General Section of this SuperNOFA that are applicable to this funding (collectively, referred to as the “standard forms”). The standard forms can be found in Appendix B of the General Section of this SuperNOFA.

The application items are as follows:

(a) Transmittal letter (one-page only) that summarizes your proposed project, provides the dollar amount requested, and identifies you and your partners in the application. Provide the name, mailing address, and telephone number of the principal contact person. If you are a consortium of associates, sub-recipients, partners, major subcontractors, joint venture participants, or others contributing resources to the project, similar information shall also be provided for each of these entities and you must specify the primary entity.

(b) Application Abstract Summary. An abstract describing the goals and objectives of your proposed program (two-page maximum) must be included in the proposal.

(c) Checklist and Submission Table of Contents.

(d) All application forms found in the General Section of this SuperNOFA.

(e) A narrative statement addressing the rating factors for award. The narrative statement must be numbered in accordance with each factor for award (Rating Factors 1 through 5). The response to the rating factors must not exceed a total of 25 pages. Any pages in excess of this limit will not be read. (The 25-page limit does not apply to the two-page abstract.) Key points to consider in preparing your application are provided in the General Section of this NOFA.

(C) Applicant Debriefing. See Section XI(A)(4) of the General Section of this SuperNOFA for information about applicant debriefing, and Section I(I) of this Section for contact information.
Although blood lead levels have fallen from deteriorating lead-based paint, remains one of the most important and best studied of the household environmental hazards to children. Of those, under six years of age was 4.4 percent. Among low-income children living in such housing, it reached 21 percent. HUD estimates that 38 million dwellings have some lead-based paint, and that 26 million have significant lead-based paint hazards. Of those, about 5.7 million have young children and of those, about 1.6 million have household incomes under $30,000 per year. Costs for lead hazard control can range anywhere from $500 to $15,000 per unit, depending on the extent of the hazard and the type of hazard control measures. Corrective measures include paint stabilization, enclosure and removal of certain building components coated with lead paint, and cleanup and clearance testing, which ensures the unit is safe for young children. 

Evaluating the public and individuals living in “at-risk communities” about lead poisoning, symptoms, treatment and lead hazard prevention and control, and encouraging occupants to identify potential lead-based paint hazards, report them to property owners and managers, and public health and/or housing officials as appropriate, and enroll their housing units in lead hazard treatment programs, are key components in an overall plan to reduce the prevalence rate of lead poisoned children.

Appendix B

References

To secure any of the documents listed below, call the telephone number provided. Several of these references are provided on HUD’s CD, “Residential Lead Desktop Reference, 3rd Edition.” This CD can be obtained at no charge by calling National Lead Information Clearinghouse’s toll-free number, 1–800–424–LEAD. If you are a hearing- or speech-impaired person, you may reach the telephone numbers via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339. Several of these references can be downloaded from the Internet without charge from the HUD Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control’s Internet site, http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead.

Regulations

1. Requirements for Notification, Evaluation and Reduction of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Federally Owned Residential Property and Housing Receiving Federal Assistance, 24 CFR Part 35 (HUD, Lead Safe Housing Rule). A free copy of this rule and guidance can be obtained by calling 1–800–424–LEAD (this is a toll-free number). If you are a hearing- or speech-impaired person, you may reach this telephone number via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339. Several of these references can be downloaded from the Internet without charge from the HUD Office of Healthy Homes and Lead Hazard Control’s Internet site, http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead.

2. Lead; Requirements for Disclosure of Information Concerning Lead-Based Paint in Housing, 24 CFR Part 35, Subpart A (HUD, Lead-Based Paint Disclosure Rule). A free copy of the rule, guidance, pamphlet and disclosure formats can be obtained by calling 1–800–424–LEAD (this is a toll-free number) or through the HUD Web site at http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead.

3. Lead; Requirements for Lead-Based Paint Activities in Target Housing and Child-Occupied Facilities; Final Rule: 40 CFR Part 745, EPA Lead Hazard Standards, Work Practice Standards, EPA and State Certification and Accreditation programs for those engaged in lead-based paint activities). A free copy of the rule and guidance can be obtained by calling the Toxic Substances Control Act Hotline at 1–202–554–1404 (this is a toll-free number) or through the EPA Web site at http://www.epa.gov/lead. If you are a hearing- or speech-impaired person, you may reach this telephone number via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339.

4. Lead; Requirements for Hazard Education Before Renovation of Target Housing, 40 CFR Part 745 (EPA, Pre-Renovation Education Rule). A free copy of the rule, guidance and pamphlet can be obtained by calling 1–800–424–LEAD (this is a toll-free number) or through the EPA Web site at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

Guidelines

1. Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing; HUD, June 1995, and amended September, 1997. A copy of the guidelines can be purchased by calling 1–800–245–2691 (this is a toll-free number) or downloaded without charge from the HUD Web site at http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead. If you are a hearing- or speech-impaired person, you may reach this telephone number via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339.

2. Preventing Lead Poisoning in Young Children; Centers for Disease Control, October 1991. A free copy of this document can be obtained by calling 1–800–232–6789 (this is a toll-free number) or through the HUD Web site at http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead. If you are a hearing- or speech-impaired person, you may reach this telephone number via TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Information Relay Service at 1–800–877–8339.

3. Screening Young Children for Lead Poisoning; Guidance for State and Local Public Health Officials, November 1997, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC). A free copy of this document can be obtained by calling 1–888–223–4789 (this is a toll-free number) or through the HUD Web site at http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead.

Reports

1. Putting the Pieces Together: Controlling Lead Hazards in the Nation’s Housing. (Summary and Full Report); HUD, July 1995. A copy of this summary and report can be purchased by calling 1–800–245–2691 (this is a toll-free number) or downloaded without charge from the HUD Web site at http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead.


Appendix C

Existing Outreach Materials

To secure any of the documents listed below, call the telephone number provided.
All of these documents are provided on HUD’s Web site and the CD. “Residential Lead Desktop Reference, 3rd Edition.” This CD can be obtained by calling the National Lead Information Clearinghouse’s toll-free number, 1-800-424-LEAD.

1. HUD/EPA Informational Pamphlet: “Protect Your Family from Lead in Your Home” (available in English and Spanish versions). A free copy of this document can be obtained by calling 1-800-424-LEAD (this is a toll-free number) or through the HUD Web site at http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/outreach/communityoutreach.cfm.

2. “Reducing Lead Hazards When Remodeling Your Home” (available in English and Spanish versions). A free copy of this document can be obtained by calling 1-800-424-LEAD (this is a toll-free number) or through the HUD Web site at http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/outreach/communityoutreach.cfm.

3. “Lead Paint Safety Field Guide” (available in English and Spanish versions). A free copy of this guide can be obtained by calling 1-800-424-LEAD (this is a toll-free number) or through the HUD Web site at http://www.hud.gov/offices/lead/outreach/communityoutreach.cfm.


Appendix D
This appendix to this NOFA contains lists the standard forms, certifications and assurances used by the programs that are part of this NOFA. Listed forms are located in Appendix B of the General Section of the SuperNOFA.

The following forms are to be used for the Programs listed in this NOFA
Form HUD-424
Form HUD-424 B
Form HUD-424 C
Form HUD-424 CBW
Form HUD Logic Model Form
Application Checklist and Submission Table of Contents
Ethnicity and Race Data
Form SF-LLL (Disclosure of Lobbying Activities)

HUD has consolidated many of its application forms into a single HUD-424 form. The new HUD-424 consolidates budget-reporting forms for both construction and nonconstruction projects into a single form and eliminates having to have the following separate certifications: Certification for a Drug-Free Workplace (HUD-50070), the Certification of Payments to Influence Federal Transactions (HUD-50071), and the Certification Regarding Debarment and Suspension (HUD-2992).

New form HUD-424 replaces SF-424 and HUD-424 M
HUD-424 B replaces SF-424 B and D and HUD-50070, 50071 and 2992.
HUD-424 C and CB replaces SF-424 A and C.

The HUD-424 CBW is added as a common detailed Budget Worksheet and replaces various budget worksheets used throughout the Department.

Administrative costs that may be applicable to the programs included in this NOFA are discussed below:

Administrative Costs

I. Purpose
The intent of this HUD grant program is to allow the Grantee to be reimbursed for the reasonable direct and indirect costs, subject to a top limit, for overall management of the grant. In most instances the grantee, whether a State, Tribal or a local government, principally serves as a conduit to pass funding to sub-grantees, which are to be responsible for the conducting lead-hazard reduction work. Congress set a top limit of ten percent of the total grant sum for the grantee to perform the function of overall management of the grant program, including passing on funding to sub-grantees. The cost of that function, for the purpose of this grant, is defined as the “administrative cost” of the grant, and is limited to ten percent of the total grant amount. The balance of ninety percent or more of the total grant sum is reserved sub-grantees or other direct-performers of lead-hazard identification and reduction work. Lead hazard identification and reduction includes, but is not necessarily limited to outreach, training, enrollment, lead paint inspection/risk assessments, interim controls, hazard abatement, clearance documentation, blood lead testing, and public education.

II. Administrative Costs: What They Are Not
For the purposes of this HUD grant program for States, Tribes and local governments to provide support for outreach to increase the enrollment of low-income, private target housing in lead hazard treatment programs, the term “administrative costs” should not be confused with the terms “general and administrative cost,” “indirect costs,” “overhead,” and “burden rate.” These are accounting terms usually represented by a government-accepted standard percentage rate. The percentage rate allocates a fair share of an organization’s costs that cannot be attributed to a particular project or department (such as the chief executive’s salary or the costs of the organization’s headquarters building) to all projects and operating departments (such as the Fire Department, the Police Department, the Community Development Department, the Health Department or this program). Such allocated costs are added to those projects’ or departments’ direct costs to determine their total costs to the organization.

III. Administrative Costs: What They Are
For the purposes of this HUD grant program, “Administrative Costs” are the grantee’s allowable direct costs for the overall management of the grant program plus the allowable indirect costs. The allowable limit of such costs that can be reimbursed under this program is ten (10) percent of the total grant sum. Should the grantee’s actual costs for overall management of the grant program exceed ten percent of the total grant sum, those excess costs shall be paid for by the grantee. However, excess costs paid for by the grantee may be shown as part of the requirement for cost-sharing funds to support the grant.

IV. Administrative Costs: Definition
A. General
Administrative costs are the allowable, reasonable, and allocable direct and indirect costs related to the overall management of the HUD grant for lead hazard treatment activities. Those costs shall be segregated in a separate cost center within the grantee’s accounting system, and they are eligible costs for reimbursement as part of the grant, subject to the ten percent limit. Such administrative costs do not include any of the staff and overhead costs directly arising from specific sub-grantee program activities eligible under Section III (C) of this NOFA, because those costs are eligible for reimbursement under a separate cost center as a direct part of project activities.

The grantee may elect to perform solely as a conduit to sub-grantees, who will in turn perform the direct program activities eligible under Section III (C) of this NOFA, or the grantee may elect to perform all or a part of the direct program activities in other parts of its own organization, which shall have their own segregated, cost centers for those direct program activities. In either case, not more than 10 percent of the total HUD grant sum may be devoted to administrative costs, and not less than 90% of the total grant sum shall be devoted to direct program activities. The grantee shall take care not to mix or attribute administrative costs to the direct project cost centers.

B. Specific
Reasonable costs for the grantee’s overall grant management, coordination, monitoring, and evaluation are eligible administrative costs. Subject to the ten percent limit, such costs include, but are not limited to, necessary expenditures for the following goods, activities and services:

1. Salaries, wages, and related costs of the grantee’s staff, the staff of the organization’s costs that cannot be attributed to a particular project or department (such as the chief executive’s salary or the costs of the organization’s headquarters building) to all projects and operating departments (such as the Fire Department, the Police Department, the Community Development Department, the Health Department or this program). Such allocated costs are added to those projects’ or departments’ direct costs to determine their total costs to the organization.

2. Administrative Costs: Definition

A. General
Administrative costs are the allowable, reasonable, and allocable direct and indirect costs related to the overall management of the HUD grant for lead hazard treatment activities. Those costs shall be segregated in a separate cost center within the grantee’s accounting system, and they are eligible costs for reimbursement as part of the grant, subject to the ten percent limit. Such administrative costs do not include any of the staff and overhead costs directly arising from specific sub-grantee program activities eligible under Section III (C) of this NOFA, because those costs are eligible for reimbursement under a separate cost center as a direct part of project activities.

The grantee may elect to perform solely as a conduit to sub-grantees, who will in turn perform the direct program activities eligible under Section III (C) of this NOFA, or the grantee may elect to perform all or a part of the direct program activities in other parts of its own organization, which shall have their own segregated, cost centers for those direct program activities. In either case, not more than 10 percent of the total HUD grant sum may be devoted to administrative costs, and not less than 90% of the total grant sum shall be devoted to direct program activities. The grantee shall take care not to mix or attribute administrative costs to the direct project cost centers.

B. Specific
Reasonable costs for the grantee’s overall grant management, coordination, monitoring, and evaluation are eligible administrative costs. Subject to the ten percent limit, such costs include, but are not limited to, necessary expenditures for the following goods, activities and services:

1. Salaries, wages, and related costs of the grantee’s staff, the staff of the organization’s costs that cannot be attributed to a particular project or department (such as the chief executive’s salary or the costs of the organization’s headquarters building) to all projects and operating departments (such as the Fire Department, the Police Department, the Community Development Department, the Health Department or this program). Such allocated costs are added to those projects’ or departments’ direct costs to determine their total costs to the organization.

II. Administrative Costs: What They Are Not
For the purposes of this HUD grant program for States, Tribes and local governments to provide support for outreach to increase the enrollment of low-income, private target housing in lead hazard treatment programs, the term “administrative costs” should not be confused with the terms “general and administrative cost,” “indirect costs,” “overhead,” and “burden rate.” These are accounting terms usually represented by a government-accepted standard percentage rate. The percentage rate allocates a fair share of an organization’s costs that cannot be attributed to a particular project or department (such as the chief executive’s salary or the costs of the organization’s headquarters building) to all projects and operating departments (such as the Fire Department, the Police Department, the Community Development Department, the Health Department or this program). Such allocated costs are added to those projects’ or departments’ direct costs to determine their total costs to the organization.

III. Administrative Costs: What They Are
For the purposes of this HUD grant program, “Administrative Costs” are the grantee’s allowable direct costs for the overall management of the grant program plus the allowable indirect costs. The allowable limit of such costs that can be reimbursed under this program is ten (10) percent of the total grant sum. Should the grantee’s actual costs for overall management of the grant program exceed ten percent of the total grant sum, those excess costs shall be paid for by the grantee. However, excess costs paid for by the grantee may be shown as part of the requirement for cost-sharing funds to support the grant.
(e) Monitoring sub-grantee and sub-recipient activities for progress and compliance with program requirements;
(f) Preparing presentations, reports, and other documents related to the program for submission to HUD;
(g) Evaluating program results against stated objectives;
(h) Providing local officials and citizens with information about the overall grant program; however, a more general education program, helping the public understand the nature of lead hazards, lead hazard reduction, blood-lead screening, and the health consequences of lead poisoning is a direct project support activity;
(i) Coordinating the resolution of overall grant audit and monitoring findings; and
(j) Managing or supervising persons whose responsibilities with regard to the program include such assignments as those described in paragraphs (a) through (i).
(2) Travel costs incurred for official business in carrying out the overall grant management;
(3) Administrative services performed under third-party contracts or agreements, for services directly allocable to grant management such as: legal services, accounting services, and audit services;
(4) Other costs for goods and services required for and directly related to the overall management of the grant program; and including such goods and services as telephone, postage, rental of equipment, renter’s insurance for the program management space, utilities, office supplies, and rental and maintenance (but not purchase) of office space for the program.
(5) The fair and allocable share of grantee’s general costs that are not directly attributable to specific projects or operating departments such as salaries, office expenses and other related costs for local officials (e.g., mayor and city council members, etc.), and expenses for a city’s legal or accounting department which are not charged back to particular projects or other operating departments. If a grantee has an established burden rate, it should be used; if not, the grantee shall be assigned a negotiated provisional burden rate, subject to final audit.
APPENDIX E

Checklist and Submission Table of Contents

The following checklist is provided to ensure you have submitted all required items to receive consideration for funding. You must assemble the application in the order shown below and note the corresponding page number where the response is located. You must include this checklist and submission table of contents with your application.

☐ Transmittal Letter (limited to one page)  Cover page

☐ Applicant Abstract Summary (limited to two pages; does not count towards the 25-page limit)

☐ Checklist and Submission Table of Contents

Application Forms (Appendix 3)

☐ HUD Form 424 (Application for Federal Assistance)

☐ HUD Form 424B (Assurances/Non-Construction Programs)

☐ HUD Form 424C (Budget Summary for Competitive Grant Programs)

☐ HUD Form 424-CBW (Budget Worksheet)

☐ Form SF-LLL (Disclosure of Lobbying Activities) (Required)

☐ Form SF-LLL (Not required; see Appendix B of the General Section of this NOFA)

☐ HUD Logic Model Form

☐ Race and Ethnicity Form
Rating Factor Response (total narrative response limited to 25 pages)

☐ 1. Capacity of the Applicant and Relevant Organizational Experience

☐ 2. Need/Extent of the Problem

☐ 3. Soundness of Approach

☐ 4. Leveraging Resources

☐ 5. Achieving Results and Program Evaluation

Appendices

☐ Appendix 1 – Required material in support of the Rating Factors (e.g., resumes of key personnel, organizational chart, letters of commitment) arranged in order by Rating Factor (resumes limited to three pages each; these items do not count as part of the 25-page limit)

☐ Appendix 2 – Optional material in support of the Rating Factors, arranged in order of Rating Factors (e.g., maps, letters of support) arranged in order by Rating Factor (Appendix 2 limited to 20 pages)

☐ Appendix 3 – Material relating to the forms or budget material (see Application Forms above)

☐ HUD Form 2990 (Certification of Consistency with RC/EZ/EC Strategic Plan)

☐ HUD Form 2993 (Acknowledgment of Application Receipt)

☐ HUD Form 2994 (Client Comments and Suggestions) (Optional)
## Race and Ethnicity Form

### Ethnicity and Race Data

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<td></td>
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<tr>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>American Indian or Alaska Native and Black or African American</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Balance of individuals reporting more than one race

Total

*Any aggregate count of a multiple race combination not included in the reporting template that exceeds 1% of the population should be included in the report and separately identified. The reporting should include both the count and population percentage.*