

**GUIDELINES FOR PREPARING CONSOLIDATED PLAN AND
PERFORMANCE AND EVALUATION REPORT SUBMISSIONS
FOR LOCAL JURISDICTIONS**

**U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Community Planning and Development**

INTRODUCTION

The Consolidated Plan is designed to be a collaborative process whereby a community establishes a unified vision for community development actions. It offers local jurisdictions the opportunity to shape the various housing and community development programs into effective, coordinated neighborhood and community development strategies. It also creates the opportunity for strategic planning and citizen participation to take place in a comprehensive context, and to reduce duplication of effort at the local level.

The strategic plan is a specific course of action for revitalization. It is the means to analyze the full local context and the linkages to the larger region. It builds on local assets and coordinates a response to the needs of the community. It integrates economic, physical, environmental, community, and human development in a comprehensive and coordinated fashion so that families and communities can work together and thrive. A strategic plan also sets forth program goals, specific objectives, annual goals, and benchmarks for measuring progress. In so doing, it helps local governments and citizens keep track of results and learn what works.

The Consolidated Plan approach is also the means to meet the submission requirements for the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG), HOME Investment Partnerships (HOME), Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG), and Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA) formula programs. This process replaces prior CPD planning and submission requirements with a single document that satisfies the submission requirements of the four CPD formula programs for local jurisdictions.

The statutes for the formula grant programs set forth three basic goals against which the plan and the jurisdiction's performance under the plan will be evaluated by HUD. Each jurisdiction's plan must state how it will pursue these goals for all community development programs, as well as all housing programs. These statutory program goals are:

DECENT HOUSING - - which includes:

- assisting homeless persons obtain affordable housing;
- assisting persons at risk of becoming homeless;
- retaining the affordable housing stock;
- increasing the availability of affordable permanent housing in standard condition to low-income and moderate-income families, particularly to members of disadvantaged minorities without discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, familial status, or disability;
- increasing the supply of supportive housing which includes structural features and services to enable persons with special needs (including persons with HIV/AIDS) to live in dignity and independence; and
- providing affordable housing that is accessible to job opportunities.

A SUITABLE LIVING ENVIRONMENT - - which includes:

- improving the safety and livability of neighborhoods;
- eliminating blighting influences and the deterioration of property and facilities;
- increasing access to quality public and private facilities and services;
- reducing the isolation of income groups within areas through spatial deconcentration of housing opportunities for lower income persons and the revitalization of deteriorating neighborhoods;
- restoring and preserving properties of special historic, architectural, or aesthetic value; and
- conserving energy resources and use of renewable energy resources.

EXPANDED ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITIES - - which includes:

- job creation and retention;
- establishment, stabilization and expansion of small businesses (including micro-businesses);
- the provision of public services concerned with employment;
- the provision of jobs to low-income persons living in areas affected by those programs and activities, or jobs resulting from carrying out activities under programs covered by the plan;
- availability of mortgage financing for low-income persons at reasonable rates using non-discriminatory lending practices;
- access to capital and credit for development activities that promote the long-term economic and social viability of the community; and
- empowerment and self-sufficiency for low-income persons to reduce generational poverty in federally assisted housing and public housing.

At each jurisdiction's discretion, the information can be displayed in any clear, concise format that communicates the key elements of the plan to citizens. These elements include the needs assessment, priority needs, specific objectives, and how the activities address identified needs and objectives. All required elements of the plan (including tables and narratives) should be submitted to HUD in an electronic format. If optional tables are not used, provide comparable information that is required by consolidated plan regulations.

Public reporting burden for this collection is estimated to average 395 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. This agency may not conduct or sponsor, and you are not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. This collection of information is required by 24 CFR Part 91 which requires a jurisdiction administering CPD programs to submit Consolidated Plans and Performance Reports on progress it has made in carrying out its strategic plan and action plan. OMB Approval No. 2506-0117 (exp. 8/31/2014)

PREPARING A CONSOLIDATED PLAN SUBMISSION

These steps guide the jurisdiction through the process of preparing its consolidated plan and action plan submission to HUD.

I. Managing the Process

The consolidated plan submission process envisions that housing and community development planning and programming will be accomplished through a unified and comprehensive framework that opens new opportunities for collaboration and collective problem-solving. Partnerships among government agencies and between government and private groups are developed in order to marshal government and private resources to achieve intended public purposes. These steps require jurisdictions to take and/or describe specific actions and initiatives relevant to the preparation of the consolidated plan.

Presubmission requirements:

Required Consultation - Jurisdictions must consult and coordinate with continuum of care and appropriate public and private agencies, such as the State and other local jurisdictions; public and private agencies that provide assisted housing, health services, social and fair housing services (including services to children, elderly persons, homeless persons, persons with disabilities, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, homeless persons, and other categories of residents), and among its own departments, to assure that its consolidated plan is a comprehensive document and addresses statutory purposes.

Submission Requirements:

Lead Agency - The jurisdiction must identify the lead agency or entity for overseeing the development of the plan and the major public and private agencies responsible for administering programs covered by the consolidated plan.

Consultation/Coordination - The jurisdiction must identify the significant aspects of the process by which the plan was developed, and the agencies, groups, organizations, and others that participated in the process. It must briefly describe the jurisdiction's consultation with continuum of care and public and private agencies that provide health services, social and fair housing service agencies, including those focusing on services to children, elderly persons, persons with disabilities, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families, homeless and chronically homeless persons, as well as activities it will undertake to enhance coordination between public and assisted housing providers, and among private and governmental health, mental health, and service agencies.

This description should reflect the following consultation requirements:

- **Homeless Strategy** -- Consult with continuum of care and public and private agencies that address housing, health, social service, victim services, employment, or education needs of low-income individuals and families, homeless individuals

and families, including homeless veterans, youth, and other persons with special needs to determine what resources are available to address the needs of homeless persons (particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) and person at risk of homelessness. The jurisdiction must also consult with publicly funded institutions and systems of care that may discharge persons into homelessness (such as health-care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions), and business and civic leaders.

- **Lead - Based Paint** -- Consult with state and local health and child welfare agencies, and examine data on hazards and poisonings, including health department data on the addresses of housing units in which children have been identified as lead poisoned.
- **Adjacent Governments** -- Notify adjacent governments about priority non-housing community development needs.
- **Metropolitan Planning** -- Consult with adjacent units of general local government, including local government agencies with metropolitan-wide planning responsibilities, particularly for problems and solutions that go beyond a single jurisdiction, i.e. transportation, workforce, etc.
- **HOPWA** -- Largest city in EMSA consult broadly to develop metropolitan-wide strategy for addressing needs of persons with HIV/AIDS and their families.
- **Public Housing** -- Consult with the local public housing agency concerning public housing needs, planned programs, and activities.

Guidance:

Collaboration and Partnership - In organizing to prepare the consolidated plan submission, has the jurisdiction considered establishing new relationships and organizational structures among various agencies and organizations in order to maximize the benefits that should arise from the collective problem solving and coordinated activities? Does the lead agency that coordinates the consolidated planning and submission process have adequate authority and ability to accomplish the following:

- Develop interagency agreements and coordinating bodies that can facilitate cooperation among the jurisdiction's line agencies?
- Work with other jurisdictions and organizations that have a regional responsibility for economic development, transportation, business, employment, and planning?
- Provide continuity of management for the process over time and the confidence of citizen organizations that citizens participating in the process

have meaningful access to the decision making process?

Sustainable Communities Initiative -- The Department encourages partnerships that integrate housing, transportation, water infrastructure, and land use planning and the implementation of strategies that provide more transportation choices, promote affordable housing, enhance economic competitiveness, support existing communities, coordinate policies and leverage investment, and value communities and neighborhoods. For more information see: <http://www.hud.gov/content/releases/pr2009-06-16factsheet.pdf>

Leadership -- The consolidated plan should have the clear backing and support of the Mayor or Chief Elected Official. Real cooperation and coordination will not occur without leadership by the jurisdiction's elected officials and citizens will not participate in a process that does not have leadership by elected officials. Leadership also aids in the effective implementation of the plan and increases commitment to the plan.

Citizen Participation

The consolidated plan must result from an effective citizen participation process. Existing, ongoing citizen participation activities may be used when they are strong and vital. Jurisdictions have the flexibility to choose the participation process that best works for the low-income citizens who are the primary clients for HUD programs.

The jurisdiction must develop and follow a detailed citizen participation plan that addresses each of the following elements. Citizens, non-profit organizations and other interested parties must be afforded adequate opportunity to review and comment on the original citizen participation plan, on substantial amendments to the citizen participation plan, and must make the citizen participation plan public.

Participation -- The citizen participation plan must provide for and encourage citizens to participate in the development of the consolidated plan, any substantial amendments to the consolidated plan, and the performance report. These requirements are designed especially to encourage participation of low- and moderate- income residents where housing and community development funds may be spent. The jurisdiction is expected to take whatever actions are appropriate to encourage the participation of all its residents, including minorities and non-English speaking persons, as well as persons with disabilities. The jurisdiction shall encourage the participation of local and regional institutions, the Continuum of Care and other organizations (including businesses, developers, nonprofit organizations, philanthropic organizations, community and faith-based organizations) in the process of developing and implementing the consolidated plan.

The jurisdiction shall also encourage the participation of residents of public and assisted housing developments and recipients of tenant-based assistance in the process of developing and implementing the consolidated plan, along with other low-income residents of targeted revitalization areas in which the developments are located. The jurisdiction shall make an effort to provide information to the housing agency about consolidated plan activities related to its developments and surrounding communities that

the housing agency can make available at the annual public hearing required for the Public Housing Agency Plan.

Access to Information -- Citizens, public agencies, and other interested parties, including those most affected, must have the opportunity to receive information, review and submit comments on any proposed submission concerning the proposed activities, including the amount of assistance the jurisdiction expects to receive (including grant funds and program income), and the range of activities that may be undertaken, including the estimated amount of CDBG and other funds proposed to be used for activities that will benefit persons of low- and moderate-income.

Anti-displacement -- The citizen participation plan must set forth the jurisdiction's plans to minimize displacement of persons and to assist any persons displaced, specifying the types and levels of assistance the jurisdiction will make available (or require others to make available) to persons displaced, even if the jurisdiction expects no displacement to occur.

Publishing the Plan - The jurisdiction must publish its proposed consolidated plan submission so that affected citizens have sufficient opportunity to review it and provide comments. The requirement for publishing may be met by publishing a summary of the proposed consolidated plan in one or more newspapers of general circulation and making copies of the proposed plan available at libraries, government offices, and public places. The summary must describe the contents and purpose of the consolidated plan, and must include a list of the locations where copies of the entire plan may be examined. The jurisdiction must also provide a reasonable number of free copies of the plan to citizens and groups that request it.

Public Hearings -- The jurisdiction must provide at least two public hearings per year to obtain citizens' views and to respond to proposals and questions, to be conducted at a minimum of two different stages of the program year. Together, the hearings must address housing and community development needs, development of proposed activities, and review of program performance.

In order to obtain the views of citizens on housing and community development needs, including priority nonhousing community development needs, the citizen participation plan must provide that at least one of these hearings is held before the proposed consolidated plan is published for comment.

The citizen participation plan must provide that hearings be held at times and locations convenient to potential and actual beneficiaries, and with accommodation for persons with disabilities. The citizen participation plan must specify how it will meet these requirements.

The citizen participation plan must identify how the needs of non-English speaking residents will be met in the case of public hearings where a significant number of non-English speaking residents can be reasonably expected to participate.

Notice of Hearings -- The citizen participation plan must state how and when adequate advance notice will be given to citizens of each hearing (including residents of assisted and public housing) and sufficient information must be published about the subject of the hearing. (Although HUD is not specifying the length of notice required, two weeks is considered adequate. However, publishing small print notices in the newspaper a few days before the hearings does not constitute adequate notice.)

Access to Meetings -- The citizen participation plan must provide citizens with reasonable and timely access to local meetings.

Comments -- The citizen participation plan must provide a period of not less than 30 days, prior to the submission of the consolidated plan, to receive comments from citizens. The jurisdiction must consider the views of citizens, public agencies and other interested parties in preparing its final consolidated submission.

Substantial Amendments -- The citizen participation plan must specify the criteria the jurisdiction will use for determining what changes in the jurisdiction's planned or actual activities constitute a substantial amendment to the consolidated plan. It must include among the criteria for a substantial amendment changes in the use of CDBG funds from one eligible activity to another. The citizen participation plan must provide at least 30 days to receive comments on a substantial amendment before the amendment is implemented. The citizen participation plan shall require the jurisdiction to consider any comments or views of citizens received in writing, or orally at public hearings, if any, in preparing the substantial amendment. A summary of these comment and a summary of any comments or views not accepted and the reasons therefore, shall be attached to the substantial amendment.

Performance Reports -- The citizen participation plan must provide citizens with reasonable notice and an opportunity too comment on performance reports. The citizen participation plan must state how reasonable notice and an opportunity to comment will be given. The citizen participation plan must provide at least 15 days to receive comments on the performance report that is to be submitted to HUD before its submission. The citizen participation plan shall require the jurisdiction to consider any comments or views of citizens received in writing, or orally at public hearings in preparing the performance report. A summary of these comments shall be attached to the performance report.

Availability to the Public -- The citizen participation plan must provide that the consolidated plan as adopted, substantial amendments, and the performance report will be available to the public, including the availability of materials in a form accessible to persons with disabilities, upon request. The citizen participation plan must state how these documents will be available to the public.

Access to Records -- The citizen participation plan must require the jurisdiction to provide citizens, public agencies, and other interested parties with reasonable and timely access to information and records relating to the jurisdiction's consolidated plan and the jurisdiction's use of assistance under the programs covered by the plan during the

preceding five years.

Technical Assistance -- The citizen participation plan must provide for technical assistance to groups representative of persons of low- and moderate-income that request such assistance in developing proposals for funding assistance under the consolidated plan.

Complaints -- The jurisdiction must describe appropriate and practicable procedures to handle complaints from citizens related to the consolidated plan, amendments, and performance report. At a minimum, the citizen participation plan shall require the jurisdiction to provide a timely, substantive written response to every written citizen complaint, within an established period of time (within 15 days, where practicable, if the jurisdiction is a CDBG grant recipient).

Amendments -- Prior to the submission of any substantial change in the proposed use of funds, citizens must have reasonable notice of, and opportunity to comment on, the proposed amendment.

Submission Requirements:

Executive Summary -- a clear, concise executive summary that included the objectives and outcomes identified in the plan and an evaluation of past performance.

Citizen Participation -- Based on the jurisdiction's current citizen participation plan, provide a summary of the citizen participation process used in the development of the consolidated plan. Include a description of actions taken to encourage participation of all its residents, including the following:

- low- and moderate-income residents where housing and community development funds may be spent;
- minorities and non-English speaking persons, as well as persons with disabilities;
- local and regional institutions, the Continuum of Care and other organizations (including businesses, developers, nonprofit organizations, philanthropic organizations, and community and faith-based organizations);
- residents of public and assisted housing developments and recipients of tenant- based assistance;
- residents of targeted revitalization areas.

Provide a description of the process used to allow citizens to review and submit comments on the proposed consolidated plan, including how the plan (or a summary of the plan) was published for review; the dates, times and locations of a public hearing, or hearings; when and how notice was provided to citizens of the hearing(s); the dates of the 30 day citizen comment period, and if technical assistance was provided to groups developing proposals for funding assistance under the consolidated plan and how this assistance was provided.

Provide a summary of citizen comments or views received on the plan and explain any comments not accepted and reasons why these comments were not accepted.

Guidance:

The plan should include or provide:

Public Notices -- for citizen participation through one or more of the following: publication of notices and information in nonlegal sections of major newspapers; in neighborhood, minority, and non-English newspapers; through public service announcements over radio and television; by direct mailings and phone contacts to organizations that have requested it. Notices should be published 14 calendar days prior to a public hearing or a deadline.

Public Hearings -- hold hearings and meetings at times and places that are convenient and comfortable for people most affected by the proposal. Hearings or informational meetings should be held on weekends or in the evening preferably near neighborhoods that are targeted for assistance.

Public Involvement -- explore alternative public involvement techniques and quantitative ways to measure efforts that encourage citizen participation in a shared vision for change in communities and neighborhoods, and the review of program performance, e.g., use of focus groups, and use of the Internet.

Availability to the Public -- provide the proposed and final consolidated plan submission on the Internet so affected citizens have sufficient opportunity to review it and provide comments.

Technical Assistance -- consider providing technical assistance for proposals that strengthen and expand the role of community based development organizations in planning retail, commercial, affordable housing and other public improvements.

Housing and Homeless Needs Assessment

Housing Needs -- The jurisdiction must provide an estimate of housing needs projected for the next five-year period. This includes an estimate of the number and type of families in need of housing assistance for extremely low-income, low-income, moderate-income, and middle-income families, for renters and owners; and the specification of such needs for different categories of persons, including elderly persons; single persons; large families; public housing residents; families on the public housing and section 8 tenant-based waiting list; persons with HIV/AIDS and their families; victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual abuse and stalking; persons with disabilities, and formerly homeless families and individuals who are receiving rapid re-housing assistance and nearing the termination of that assistance. The description of housing needs shall include a concise summary of specific housing problems, including cost-burden, severe cost-burden, substandard housing, and overcrowding (especially large families) experienced by extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income renters and owners compared to the jurisdiction as a whole. The terms “standard condition” and “substandard condition but suitable for rehabilitation” must be defined in the plan.

Housing data included in this portion of the plan shall be based on U.S. Census data as provided by HUD and updated by any properly conducted local study, or any other reliable source that the jurisdiction clearly identifies. Jurisdictions may use the CHAS data at: <http://socds.huduser.org/scripts/odbic.exe/chas/index.htm> in preparing their narrative. Jurisdictions may also use updated census data from the American Community Survey at: <http://www.census.gov/acs/www/index.html> or a special tabulation of the American Community Survey at: <http://www.huduser.org/portal/datasets/cp.html>. Data that takes into account the cost of housing and transportation costs is available at: <http://htaindex.cnt.org/>. In addition, Jurisdictions may also wish to refer to local level foreclosure data available at: <http://www.huduser.org/portal/datasets/nsp.html>.

To the extent that any racial or ethnic group has a disproportionately greater need for any income category in comparison to the needs of that category as a whole, the jurisdiction must complete an assessment of that specific need. For this purpose, disproportionately greater need exists when the percentage of persons in a category of need who are members of a particular racial or ethnic group is at least ten percentage points higher than the percentage of persons in the category as a whole.

Homeless Needs -- The jurisdiction must provide a concise summary of the nature and extent of unsheltered and sheltered homelessness in the jurisdiction, (including rural homelessness and chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth), the number of persons experiencing homelessness on a given night, the number of persons who experience homelessness each year, the number of persons who lose their housing and become homeless each year, the number of persons that exit homelessness each year, the number of days that persons experience homelessness, and other measures specified by HUD in accordance with Table 1A. The summary must include the characteristics and needs of low-income individuals and families with children, (especially extremely low-income individuals and children) who are currently housed but threatened with homelessness. This information may be evidenced by the characteristics and needs of individuals and families with children who are currently entering the homeless assistance system or appearing for the first time on the streets. The description must specify particular housing characteristics that have been linked with instability and an increased risk of homelessness. In addition, to the extent information is available, the plan must include a description of the nature and extent of homelessness by racial and ethnic group.

Special Needs Populations -- The jurisdiction must estimate, to the extent practicable, the number of persons in various subpopulations that are not homeless but may require housing or supportive services, including the elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families), persons with alcohol or other drug addiction, victims of domestic violence, and any other categories the jurisdiction may specify and describe their supportive housing needs. In addition, HOPWA recipients must identify the size and characteristics of the population with HIV/AIDS and their families that will be served in the metropolitan area. The jurisdiction can use Table 1B of their Consolidated Plan to help identify these needs.

Lead-Based Paint Needs -- The jurisdiction must estimate the number of housing units that contain lead-based paint hazards, as defined in section 1004 of the Residential Lead-Based Paint Hazard Reduction Act of 1992, and are occupied by extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families. Briefly describe the actions that will take place to evaluate and reduce the number of housing units containing lead-based paint hazards, how the plan for the reduction of lead-based hazards is related to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards, and describe how lead based hazard reduction will be integrated into housing policies and programs.

Housing Market Analysis

General Characteristics -- Based on information available to the jurisdiction the consolidated plan must describe the significant characteristics of the housing market in terms of supply, demand, condition, and the cost of housing; the housing stock available to serve persons with disabilities; and to serve persons with HIV/AIDS and their families. Data on the housing market should include, to the extent information is available, an estimate of the number of vacant or abandoned buildings and whether units in these buildings are suitable for rehabilitation. The jurisdiction must identify and describe any area of low-income concentration and any area of minority concentration either in a narrative or one or more maps, stating how it defines the terms “area of low-income concentration” and “area of minority concentration”.

Public Housing -- In cooperation with the public housing agency or agencies located within its boundaries, the plan must provide a concise summary of the needs of public housing, including identifying the public housing developments in the jurisdiction, the number of public housing units in the jurisdiction, the physical condition of such units, the restoration and revitalization needs of public housing projects within the jurisdiction, and other factors, including the number of families on public housing and tenant-based waiting lists and results from the Section 504 needs assessment of public housing projects located within its boundaries (i. e. assessment of needs of tenants and applicants on waiting list for accessible units as required by 24 CFR 8.25). The public housing agency and jurisdiction can use optional Table 4 of the Consolidated Plan to identify priority public housing needs to assist in this process.

Assisted Housing -- The jurisdiction shall also include a description of its number and targeting (income level and type of household served) of units currently assisted by local, state, or federally funded programs, and an assessment of whether any such units are expected to be lost from the assisted housing inventory for any reason, (i.e. expiration of Section 8 contracts).

Homeless Inventory -- The jurisdiction must include a brief inventory of existing facilities, housing, and services that meet the needs of homeless persons within the jurisdiction, particularly chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families with children and unoccupied youth. The inventory of facilities and housing (e.g. emergency shelter, transitional housing, permanent supportive housing) must be presented in a form specified by HUD. The inventory of services must include services targeted to homeless persons and mainstream services,

such as health, mental health, and employment services to the extent those services are used to complement services targeted to homeless persons.

Special Need Facilities and Services -- The plan must also describe, to the extent information is available, facilities and services that assist persons who are not homeless but require supportive housing, and programs for ensuring that persons returning from mental and physical health institutions receive appropriate supportive housing. (If the jurisdiction plans to use HOME or other tenant based rental assistance to assist one or more of these subpopulations, it must justify the need for such assistance in the plan.)

Barriers to Affordable Housing -- This section requires the jurisdiction to explain whether the cost of housing or the incentives to develop, maintain, or improve affordable housing are affected by public policies, particularly those of the local jurisdiction. Such policies include tax policy affecting land and other property, land use controls, zoning ordinances, building codes, fees and charges, growth limits, and policies that affect the return on residential investment.

Strategic Plan

The jurisdiction must produce a strategic plan for a period designated by the jurisdiction that brings needs, priority needs, priorities, specific objectives, and strategies together in a coherent strategic plan. In identifying and describing its needs, the jurisdiction is encouraged to draw relevant information from previous submissions and other reports and studies, as appropriate. The strategic plan must demonstrate how the jurisdiction will provide new or improved availability/accessibility, affordability, sustainability of decent housing, a suitable living environment, and economic opportunities, principally for low- and moderate-income persons.

Submission Requirements:

Time Period -- The jurisdiction must state the period of time covered by the plan.

Priority Needs Analysis and Geographic Distribution -- The jurisdiction must indicate the priorities for allocating investment geographically and among different activities and needs in accordance with the tables prescribed by HUD. (For the HOPWA program, the plan must describe the priorities for allocating investment within the EMSA.) In addition; the jurisdiction must describe the reasons for assigning the priority given to each category of priority needs, and identify any obstacles to meeting underserved needs.

The rationale for establishing priority needs should flow logically from this analysis. If the jurisdiction plans to carry out revitalization efforts through multiple activities in locally designated target areas, it should identify the name(s) of the target area(s) and the census tracts where the activities are located in accordance with the tables prescribed by HUD.

Specific Objectives -- The jurisdiction's strategic plan must summarize priorities and specific objectives it intends to initiate and/or complete in accordance with the Tables 1C and 2C prescribed by HUD. Each specific objective developed to address a priority need, must be identified by number and contain proposed accomplishments and outcomes the jurisdiction

expects to achieve in quantitative terms through related activities over a specified the time period (i.e., one, two, three, or more years), or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction.

Outcomes must be categorized as providing new or improved availability/accessibility, affordability, or sustainability of decent housing, a suitable living environment, or economic opportunity.

Submission Requirements:

HOUSING

Priority Housing Needs -- The jurisdiction must describe the relationship between the allocation priorities and the extent of need given to each category of priority needs in accordance with the categories specified in Table 2A. These categories correspond with special tabulations of U.S. census data provided by HUD for the preparation of the Consolidated Plan.

The jurisdiction must provide an analysis of how the characteristics of the housing market and the severity of housing problems and needs of each category of residents provided the rationale for establishing the allocation priorities and use of funds made available for each priority housing need category, particularly among extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income renters and owners, persons at risk of homelessness, and homeless persons identified in accordance with 24 CFR 91.205, and identify any obstacles to meeting underserved needs. The plan should be explicit about what the jurisdiction plans to do with formula grant funds in the context of their larger strategy. Family and income types may be grouped in the case of closely related categories of residents where the analysis would apply to more than one family or income type.

Specific Housing Objectives -- Each specific housing objective must be identified by number, contain proposed accomplishments and outcomes the jurisdiction hopes to achieve in quantitative terms over a specified time period (i.e., one, two, three, or more years), or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction. Outcomes must be categorized as providing new or improved availability/accessibility, affordability, or sustainability of decent housing, a suitable living environment, or economic opportunity.

Specific affordable housing objectives must describe how funds that are reasonably expected to be available will be used to address identified needs for the period covered by the strategic plan and separately indicate the number of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families assisted for whom it will provide affordable rental and homeownership housing with Federal funds over a specific time period according to the standards in section 215 of Title II of the National Affordable Housing Act of 1990, as amended.

The housing strategy must indicate how the characteristics of the housing market will influence the use of funds made available for rental assistance, production of new units,

rehabilitation of old units, or acquisition of existing units. Please note, the goal of affordable housing is not met by beds in nursing homes. If the jurisdiction intends to use HOME funds for tenant-based rental assistance, it must specify local market conditions that led to the choice of that option.

Public Housing Strategy -- Provide a concise summary of the public housing agency's strategy to serve the needs of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families residing in the jurisdiction served by the public housing agency (including families on the public housing and section 8 tenant-based waiting list), the public housing agency's strategy for addressing the revitalization and restoration needs of public housing projects within the jurisdiction and improving the management and operation of such public housing, and the public housing agency's strategy for improving the living environment of extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate families residing in public housing. The jurisdiction must also provide a concise summary of the manner in which the plan of the jurisdiction will help address the needs of public housing, including the need to increase the number of accessible units where required by a Section 504 Voluntary Compliance Agreement, and activities it will undertake to encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership. If the public housing agency is designated as "troubled" by HUD or otherwise is performing poorly, the jurisdiction shall describe the manner in which it will provide financial or other assistance in improving its operations to remove such designation.

HOMELESS

Priority Homeless Needs -- Using the results of the Continuum of Care planning process, identify the jurisdiction's homeless and homeless prevention priorities specified in Table 1A. The description of the jurisdiction's choice of priority needs and allocation priorities must be based on reliable data meeting HUD standards and should reflect the required consultation with homeless assistance providers, homeless persons, and other concerned citizens regarding the needs of homeless families with children and individuals. The jurisdiction must provide an analysis of how the needs of each category of residents provided the basis for determining the relative priority of each priority homeless need category.

Homeless Strategy -- Describe the jurisdiction's strategy for reducing and ending homelessness through (1) reaching out to homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs; (2) addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons; (3) Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again; and (4) helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families who are likely to become homeless after being discharged from

publicly funded institutions and systems of care into homelessness (such as health-care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions) or receiving assistance from public and private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth

Specific Objectives -- Identify specific objectives developed in accordance with the statutory goals described in section 24 CFR 91.1 that the jurisdiction intends to initiate and/or complete in accordance with the tables prescribed by HUD, and how Federal, State, and local public and private sector resources that are reasonably expected to be available will be used to address identified needs for the period covered by the strategic plan. Each specific objective developed to address a priority need, must be identified by number and contain proposed accomplishments and outcomes the jurisdiction expects to achieve in quantitative terms through related activities over a specified time period (i.e., one, two, three, or more years), or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction. Outcomes must be categorized as providing new or improved availability/accessibility, affordability, or sustainability of decent housing, a suitable living environment, or economic opportunity.

SPECIAL NEEDS POPULATIONS

Priority Needs of Special Needs Populations -- Identify the priority housing and supportive service needs of persons who are not homeless but require supportive housing, i.e., elderly, frail elderly, persons with disabilities (mental, physical, developmental, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families), persons with alcohol or other drug addiction by using Table 1B.

Specific Objectives -- Identify specific objectives developed in accordance with the statutory goals described in section 24 CFR 91.1 that the jurisdiction intends to initiate and/or complete in accordance with the priority needs Tables 1C and 2C prescribed by HUD. Also describe how Federal, State, and local public and private sector resources that are reasonably expected to be available will be used to address identified needs for the period covered by the strategic plan.

Each specific objective developed to address a priority need, must be identified by number and contain proposed accomplishments and outcomes the jurisdiction expects to achieve in quantitative terms through related activities over a specified time period (i.e., one, two, three, or more years), or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction. Outcomes must be categorized as providing decent housing, a suitable living environment, or economic opportunity with the purpose of new or improved availability/accessibility, affordability, or sustainability.

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT

Priority Non-housing Community Development Needs -- Identify the jurisdiction's priority non-housing community development needs eligible for assistance by CDBG eligibility category specified in Table 2B, (i.e., public facilities, public improvements, public services and economic development).

Community Development Objectives -- Identify specific long-term and short-term community development objectives (including economic development activities that create jobs), developed in accordance with Table 2C as prescribed by HUD. Also describe how Federal, State, and local public and private sector resources that are reasonably expected to be available will be used to address identified needs for the period covered by the strategic plan.

Each specific objective developed to address a priority need, must be identified by number and contain proposed accomplishments and outcomes the jurisdiction expects to achieve in quantitative terms through related activities over a specified time period (i.e., one, two, three, or more years), or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction. Outcomes must be categorized as providing new or improved availability/accessibility, affordability, or sustainability of decent housing, a suitable living environment, or economic opportunity.

CROSS CUTTING ISSUES

Lead-Based Paint -- Briefly describe the actions that will take place to evaluate and reduce the number of housing units containing lead-based paint hazards, how the plan for the reduction of lead-based hazards is related to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards, and describe how lead based hazard reduction will be integrated into housing policies and programs.

Barriers to Affordable Housing -- Identify the strategy to remove or ameliorate negative effects of public policies that serve as barriers to affordable housing, except that, if a State requires a unit of general local government to submit a regulatory barrier assessment that is substantially equivalent to the information required under this part, as determined by HUD, the unit of general local government may submit that assessment to HUD and it shall be considered to have complied with this requirement.

Antipoverty Strategy -- Provide a summary of the jurisdiction's goals, programs, and policies for reducing the number of poverty level families (as defined by the Office of Management and Budget and revised annually). In consultation with other appropriate public and private agencies, (i.e. TANF agency) state how the jurisdiction's goals, programs, and policies for producing and preserving affordable housing set forth in the housing component of the consolidated plan will be coordinated with other programs and services for which the jurisdiction is responsible. In addition, the jurisdiction must identify the extent to which this strategy will reduce (or assist in reducing) the number of poverty level families, taking into consideration factors over which it has control.

Institutional Structure - The jurisdiction must provide a concise summary of the institutional structure through which it will carry out its consolidated plan, including private industry, non-profit organizations, community and faith-based organizations, philanthropic organizations, the Continuum of Care, and public institutions. The jurisdiction must include a brief assessment of the strengths and gaps in the delivery system and a concise summary of what the jurisdiction will do to overcome gaps in the

institutional structure for carrying out its strategy for addressing priority needs.

Coordination -- The consolidated plan must summarize how the jurisdiction will enhance coordination among the Continuum of Care, public and private assisted housing providers, and private and governmental health, mental health, and service agencies. The summary must address the jurisdiction's efforts to coordinate housing assistance and services for homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) and persons who were recently homeless but now live in permanent housing.

With respect to the public entities involved, the plan must describe the means of cooperation and coordination among the State and any units of general local government in the metropolitan area in the implementation of its consolidated plan. With respect to economic development, the jurisdiction should describe efforts to enhance coordination with private industry, businesses, developers, and social service agencies. HOPWA grantees must consult broadly to develop a metropolitan-wide strategy and other jurisdictions must assist in the preparation of the HOPWA submission.

Monitoring -- Describe the standards and procedures it will use to monitor its housing and community development activities and ensure long-term compliance with program requirements and comprehensive planning requirements.

Guidance:

Strategic Vision for Change -- If the jurisdiction is developing a long-term program for significant change in its community, has it engaged in a process that will develop a comprehensive vision of its desired future? How does the vision make the community and its target neighborhoods more livable, better functioning, and more attractive? Does it integrate economic, physical, environmental, community, and human development in a comprehensive and coordinated fashion so that families and communities can work together and thrive? Does it improve the availability/accessibility, affordability, sustainability of decent housing, a suitable living environment, or expand economic opportunity?

Barriers to Affordable Housing -- The Regulatory Barriers Clearinghouse is available at: <http://regbarriers.org>. HUD Form 27300, used for competitive grants, can serve as a useful guidance document in assisting jurisdictions identify the specific policies, procedures or process that impact the cost of developing, maintaining or improving affordable housing.

Neighborhood Revitalization -- Jurisdictions are strongly encouraged to identify locally designated target areas where revitalization, foreclosure recovery efforts, or transit-oriented development are carried out through multiple activities in a concentrated and coordinated manner. In addition, a jurisdiction may elect to carry out a HUD approved neighborhood revitalization strategy that includes the economic empowerment of low-income residents with respect to one or more of its areas. If HUD approves such a strategy, the jurisdiction can obtain greater flexibility in the use of CDBG funds in the

revitalization area(s). See Attachment for instructions on identifying target areas and qualifying neighborhood revitalization strategy areas.

Fair Housing -- As part of the certification to affirmatively further fair housing, jurisdictions must assume the responsibility of fair housing planning by conducting an analysis of impediments to fair housing choice and take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis. Although AIs are not submitted or approved by HUD, each jurisdiction should maintain its AI and update the AI annually where necessary. The beginning of a new Consolidated Plan five-year planning cycle is an appropriate time to update the AI to reflect the current fair housing situation in the community.

The AI involves an assessment of how these laws, regulations, policies and procedures affect the location, availability, and accessibility of housing, and how conditions, both private and public, affect fair housing choice. The term “fair housing choice” means the ability of persons, regardless of race, color, religion sex, handicap, familial status or national origin of similar income levels to have available to them the same housing choice. Impediments to fair housing choice include any actions, omissions, or decisions taken because of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, or national origin that restrict housing choices or the availability of housing choices; and any actions, omissions or decisions that have the effect or restricting housing choices or the availability of housing choices on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, disability, familial status, or national origin.

Section 3 – Section 3 program requirements apply to recipients of Housing and Community Development assistance that invest \$200,000 or more into projects/activities involving housing construction, rehabilitation, or other public construction. Recipients are required, to the greatest extent feasible, to provide employment opportunities to low and very low-income persons, including permanent employment and long-term jobs. Recipients are required to ensure their own compliance and the compliance of their contractors/subcontractors with the Section 3 regulations, as outlined at 24 CFR § 135.32. For additional information see: <http://www.hud.gov/offices/fheo/section3/section3.cfm>.

Identifying Benchmarks -- Benchmarks establish specific targets on the road to achieving goals and carrying out strategies. They are essential for purposes of accountability and measuring success. A benchmark charts the progress from the baseline of the present condition to the achievement of the goal. For example, a community may identify the revitalization of a certain neighborhood as part of its vision, and may include proposed performance measures related to reduction in crime rates, increase in property values, education attainment, or infant mortality rates. Progress towards these goals could be tracked in terms that measure outcomes as well as process and outputs. In this way, the grantee and its citizens would know if the selected activities and strategies are achieving the desired outcome, i.e. a revitalized neighborhood.

Public Housing -- Has the jurisdiction provided examples of supportive efforts to revitalize neighborhoods surrounding public housing projects (either current or proposed); cooperation in the provision of resident programs and services; coordination

of local drug elimination or anti-crime strategies; upgrading of police, fire, schools, and other services; and economic development activities in or near public housing projects that expand economic opportunity or tie in with self-sufficiency efforts for residents.

Mapping Data -- Has the jurisdiction mapped the data to identify the geographic areas in which concentrations of various housing needs, community development needs and homeless needs and facilities overlap? Similarly, has the jurisdiction mapped the location of essential human services, recreational activities and other amenities to help illustrate whether existing services are convenient and accessible to various populations?

Metropolitan/Regional Connections -- Clear connections should be established between communities, neighborhoods, and the larger metropolitan region. Does the jurisdiction's strategic plan connect its actions to the larger economic strategies for the metropolitan region? Does the plan reference the plans of other agencies that have responsibilities for metropolitan economic development, transportation, and workforce investment? Does the jurisdiction describe the jurisdiction's efforts to coordinate its housing strategy with local and regional transportation planning strategies to ensure that residents have affordable housing that is accessible to public transportation?

Needs of Special Populations -- Does the strategy include efforts to provide housing or supportive services for persons with special needs, such as the elderly, frail elderly, persons with severe mental illness, the developmentally disabled, physically disabled, persons with alcohol or other drug addiction, or persons with HIV/AIDS?

Sustainable Communities Initiative -- Does the strategy identify how the jurisdiction plans to provide more transportation choices, promote affordable housing, enhance economic competitiveness, support existing communities, coordinate policies and leverage investment, and value communities and neighborhoods?

Consolidated Action Plan

In this section, the jurisdiction must provide a concise summary of the actions, activities, and programs that will take place during the next year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified by the strategic plan. The action plan, that is submitted annually, must identify the linkage between the use of federal resources and the specific objectives developed to address priority needs identified in the strategic plan. This can be demonstrated by listing the related activity under each specific objective, identifying the activity numbers that support each specific objective, or by identifying the specific objective the related activity supports. The grantees are required to identify all programs and identify all resources during that particular program year. Table 3C contains a tabular format for listing the projects that will take place during the program year.

Submission Requirements – Action Plan Elements:

A. SF 424 – Submit Standard Form 424.

B. Executive Summary – Include summary of objectives, outcomes and an evaluation of past performance.

C. Citizen Participation and Consultation -- Provide a summary of the citizen participation and consultation process (including efforts to broaden public participation in the development of the plan, a summary of citizen comments or views on the plan, and a written explanation of comments not accepted and the reasons why these comments were not accepted. The description should reflect consultation requirements contained in 24 CFR 91.100 related to continuum of care, public and private agencies that provides services for homeless, special needs, lead based hazards, persons with disabilities, HIV/AIDS, public housing, adjacent units of local government, metropolitan planning agencies; and citizen participation requirements contained in 24 CFR 91.105 related to low- and moderate-income residents, minorities and non-English speaking persons, persons with disabilities, and local and regional institutions (including businesses, developers, and community and faith-based organizations) in the process of developing and implementing the plan.

D. Sources of Funds -- Identify the private and public resources the jurisdiction expects to receive to address priority needs and specific objectives identified in the strategic plan. The plan must provide a concise summary of the amounts allocated under HUD formula grant programs, program income the jurisdiction expects to receive during the program year, and proceeds from Section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in its strategic plan. The plan should include Section 8 funds made available to jurisdictions and Low-Income Housing Tax Credits. For homeless programs, include the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act programs, other special federal, State and local and private funds targeted to homeless individuals and families, and persons that are chronically homeless. The jurisdiction must explain how federal funds will leverage resources from private and non-federal public sources, and describe how matching requirements of HUD programs will be satisfied. Where the jurisdiction deems it appropriate, it may indicate publicly owned land or property located within the jurisdiction that may be used to carry out the plan.

E. Statement of Specific Annual Objectives -- The jurisdiction's action plan must contain a summary of the priorities and specific annual objectives to be addressed during the next program year. The plan must describe how the formula grant funds and program income the jurisdiction expects to receive during the program year will be used to address identified needs during the forthcoming program year. Each specific objective developed to address a priority need must be identified by number, contain proposed accomplishments and outcomes the jurisdiction expects to achieve in quantitative terms through related activities during the specified time period, or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction. Table 3A contains a tabular format for providing this information.

C. Description of Activities -- The action plan must provide a concise summary of the eligible programs or activities that will take place during the program year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in the strategic plan. The description of programs or activities shall estimate the number and type of families (including income

level) that will benefit from the proposed use of funds, and identify the specific local objectives and priority needs that will be addressed. The action plan must also indicate the number and type of proposed accomplishments the jurisdiction hopes to achieve and a target date for completion of the activity. This information must be presented in accordance with the instructions for Table 3C.

D. Outcome Measures -- The action plan must provide outcome measures for activities included in its action plan in accordance with the Federal Register Notice, dated March 7, 2006 (i.e., general objective category -- decent housing, suitable living environment, economic opportunity and general outcome category -- availability/accessibility, affordability, sustainability).

E. Allocation Priorities and Geographic Distribution -- The action plan must describe the reasons for the allocation priorities, identify the geographic areas of the jurisdiction (including areas of low-income, areas of minority concentration, and target areas) in which it will direct assistance during the program year, and identify any obstacles to addressing underserved needs. Where appropriate, jurisdictions should also estimate the percentage of funds the jurisdiction plans to dedicate to target areas.

F. Annual Affordable Housing Goals -- The action plan must specify one-year goals for the number of homeless, non-homeless, and special needs households to be provided affordable housing using funds made available to the jurisdiction, and one-year goals for the number of households to be provided affordable housing through activities that provide rental assistance, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, or acquisition of existing units using funds made available to the jurisdiction. The term affordable housing shall be as defined in 24 CFR 92.252 for rental housing and 24 CFR 92.254 for homeownership. Table 3B contains a tabular format for providing this information.

G. Needs of Public Housing -- The jurisdiction must identify the manner in which the plan of the jurisdiction will address the needs of public housing during the program year. If the public housing agency is designated as "troubled" by HUD or otherwise is performing poorly, the jurisdiction shall describe the manner in which it will provide financial or other assistance to improve the operations of the public housing agency to remove such designation.

H. Homeless and Other Special Need Activities -- The jurisdiction must describe its one-year goals and specific actions steps for reducing and ending homelessness through reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs, addressing the emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless persons, and helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals and families to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.

The jurisdiction must describe its one-year goals and specific actions steps for reducing and ending homelessness through helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families who are being discharged from publicly funded institutions and systems of care, such as health-care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions; or receiving assistance from public and private agencies that address housing, health, social services, employment, education, or youth needs.

The jurisdiction must also identify activities to address the housing and supportive service needs of persons who are not homeless but require supportive services, such as persons with disabilities and persons living with HIV/AIDS and their families (required for HOPWA recipients) in accordance with § 91.215(e)

I. Barriers to Affordable Housing -- Briefly describe the actions it plans to take during the next year to reduce barriers to affordable housing.

J. Antipoverty Strategy -- Briefly describe the actions it plans to take during the next year to reduce the number of poverty level families (as defined by the Office of Management and Budget and revised annually), taking into consideration factors over which the jurisdiction has control.

K. Lead-Based Paint Hazards -- Briefly describe the actions that will take place during the next year to evaluate and reduce the number of housing units containing lead-based paint hazards in order to increase the inventory of lead-safe housing available to extremely low-income, low-income, and moderate-income families, and how the plan for the reduction of lead-based hazards is related to the extent of lead poisoning and hazards.

L. Other Actions -- The jurisdiction must briefly describe actions that will take place during the next year to address obstacles to meeting underserved needs, foster and maintain affordable housing, develop institutional structure, encourage public housing residents to become more involved in management and participate in homeownership, and efforts

M. Coordination – The jurisdiction must briefly describe actions that will take place to enhance coordination among between public and private housing, health, mental health, homeless and social services agencies, and among the State and any units of general local government in the metropolitan area in the implementation of its consolidated plan. With respect to economic development, the jurisdiction should actions that will take place to enhance coordination with private industry, businesses, developers, and social service agencies.

N. Monitoring -- The jurisdiction must briefly describe actions that will take place during the next year to monitor its housing and community development activities and to ensure long-term compliance with program requirements and comprehensive planning requirements. Program requirements include appropriate regulations and statutes of the

programs involved, including steps being taken to review affordable housing activities, ensure timeliness of expenditures, on-site inspections it plans to determine compliance with housing codes, cross-cutting issues, and actions to be taken to monitor its subrecipients.

Specific CDBG Submission Requirements:

Sources of Funds -- CDBG resources must include the following in addition to the annual grant:

1. Program income expected to be received during the program year, including:
 - (a) the amount expected to be generated by and deposited to revolving loan funds;
 - (b) the total amount expected to be received from each new float-funded activity included in this plan; and
 - (c) the amount expected to be received during the current program year from a float-funded activity described in a prior statement or plan.

NOTE: Amounts described in a prior statement or plan are not to be included in the amount programmed for use in the current plan as they were programmed for use in the statement or plan that first included the float-funded activity generating them.

2. Program income received in the preceding program year that has not been included in a statement or plan;
3. Proceeds from Section 108 loan guarantees that will be used during the year to address the priority needs and specific objectives identified in its strategic plan.
4. Surplus funds from any urban renewal settlement for community development and housing activities; and
5. Any grant funds returned to the line of credit for which the planned use has not been included in a prior statement or plan.

Float-funded activities -- If a jurisdiction intends to carry out a new CDBG float-funded activity, the jurisdiction's plan must include the following information:

1. For the program income included in 1(b) above, the jurisdiction should identify the month(s) and year(s) in which the program income will be received; and which of the following options it will take for each float-funded activity to address the risk that the activity may fail to generate adequate program income:
 - (i) amend or delete activities in an amount equal to any amount due from default or failure to produce sufficient income in a timely manner. (If this option is chosen, the action plan must include a description of the process it will use to select activities to be amended or deleted and how it will involve citizens in that

process), OR

(ii) obtain an irrevocable line of credit from a commercial lender for the full amount of the float-funded activity. (If this option is chosen, information on the float-funded activity in the action plan must include the lender and the terms of the irrevocable line of credit), OR

(iii) agree to transfer general local government funds to the CDBG line of credit in the full amount of any default or shortfall within 30 days of the float-funded activity's failure to generate projected program income on schedule.

2. For each float-funded activity for which program income is included in 1(c) under Sources of Funds above, the jurisdiction must identify the prior statement or plan in which the planned use has already been described.

Program Benefit and Location -- The plan shall identify the estimated amount of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that benefit persons of low- and moderate-income. The information about activities in the action plan must be identified in sufficient detail, including geographic location if available, to allow citizens to determine the degree to which they may be affected. If the location of a specific activity is not known or is confidential, the jurisdiction should identify the general area or activity. For activity for which the jurisdiction has not yet decided on a specific location, such as when the jurisdiction is allocating an amount of funds to be used for making loans or grants to businesses or for residential rehabilitation, the description shall identify who may apply for the assistance, the process by which the grantee expects to select who will receive the assistance (including selection criteria), and how much and under what terms the assistance will be provided.

Contingency -- A jurisdiction must identify activities planned with respect to all CDBG funds expected to be available during the program year, except that an amount generally not to exceed ten percent of such total available CDBG funds may be excluded from the funds for which eligible activities are described if it has been identified as a contingency for cost overruns.

Urgent needs -- An "urgent need" activity may be included in the action plan only if the jurisdiction certifies that the activity is designed to meet other community development needs having a particular urgency because existing conditions pose a serious and imminent threat to the health or welfare of the community and other financial resources are not available.

Specific HOME Submission Requirements:

Resale/Recapture Provisions -- For homeownership activities, the participating jurisdiction must describe its resale or recapture guidelines that ensure the affordability of units acquired with HOME and/or American Dream Downpayment Initiative funds. See 24 CFR 92.254(a)(4).

HOME Tenant-Based Rental Assistance -- The participating jurisdiction must describe the local market conditions that led to the use of a HOME funds for tenant based rental assistance program. If the tenant based rental assistance program is targeted to or provides a preference for a special needs group, that group must be identified in the

Consolidated Plan as having an unmet need and show the preference is needed to narrow the gap in benefits and services received by this population.

Other Forms of Investment -- If a participating jurisdiction intends to use forms of investment other than those described in 24 CFR 92.205(b), the jurisdiction must describe these forms of investment.

Affirmative Marketing -- The participating jurisdiction must describe the policy and procedures it will follow to affirmatively market housing containing five or more HOME-assisted units. (See 24 CFR 92.351(a)).

Minority/Women's Business Outreach – The participating jurisdiction must describe actions taken to establish and oversee a minority outreach program within its jurisdiction to ensure inclusion, to the maximum extent possible, of minority and women, and entities owned by minorities and women, including without limitation, real estate firms, construction firms, appraisal firms, management firms, financial institutions, investment banking firms, underwriters, accountants, and providers of legal services, in all contracts, entered into by the participating jurisdiction with such persons or entities, public and private, in order to facilitate the activities of the participating jurisdiction to provide affordable housing under the HOME program or any other Federal housing law applicable to such jurisdiction. (See 24 CFR 92.351.(b))

Refinancing – If a jurisdiction intends to use HOME funds to refinance existing debt secured by multifamily housing that is rehabilitated with HOME funds, it must state its financing guidelines required under 24 CFR 92.206(b).

American Dream Downpayment Initiative – If a jurisdiction intends to use American Dream Downpayment Initiative (ADDI) funds to increase access to homeownership, it must provide the following information:

- (1) a description of the planned use of the ADDI funds;
- (2) a plan for conducting targeted outreach to residents and tenants of public and manufactured housing and to other families assisted by public housing agencies, for the purposes of ensuring that the ADDI funds are used to provide downpayment assistance for such residents, tenants, and families; and
- (3) a description of the actions to be taken to ensure the suitability of families receiving ADDI funds to undertake and maintain homeownership, such as provision of housing counseling to homebuyers.

Specific ESG Submission Requirements:

The jurisdiction must consult with continuum of care and briefly describe the process and criteria for awarding its grant funds along with the source and amount of matching funds.

The jurisdiction must include its written standards for providing ESG assistance. The

jurisdiction must identify its process for making subawards and a description of how the jurisdiction intends to make its allocation available to private nonprofit organizations (including community and faith-based organizations), and in the case of urban counties, funding to participating units of local government. If the jurisdiction is unable to meet the homeless participation requirement in 24 CFR 576.405(a), the jurisdiction must specify its plan for reaching out to and consulting with homeless or formerly homeless individuals in considering and making policies and decisions regarding any facilities or services that receive funding under ESG. The jurisdiction must describe the performance standards for evaluating ESG activities.

The jurisdiction must describe its consultation with each Continuum of Care that serves the jurisdiction in determining how to allocate ESG funds each program year; developing the performance standards for, and evaluating the outcomes of, projects and activities assisted by ESG funds; and developing funding, policies, and procedures for the administration and operation of the HMIS.

Specific HOPWA Submission Requirements:

A city applicant for an EMSA must briefly describe how the proposed activities will be used to meet the urgent needs of persons with HIV/AIDS and their families that are not being addressed by public and private resources within the metropolitan area, the public and private resources expected to be made available in connection with the proposed activities being funded, and the method of selecting project sponsors (including providing full access to grassroots faith-based and other community organizations) for activities in the metropolitan area, including areas not within the boundaries of the applicant city.

HIV/AIDS Housing Goals -- Jurisdictions receiving HOPWA funds must identify annual goals for the number of households to be provided with housing through activities that provide short-term rent, mortgage and utility assistance payments to prevent homelessness of the individual or family, tenant-based rental assistance; and units provided in housing facilities that are being developed, leased or operated. See CAPER charts at: <http://www.hud.gov/offices/adm/hudclips/forms/files/40110-d.doc> for useful guidance document that helps jurisdictions identify and track outputs and outcomes.

Guidance:

Impediments to Fair Housing Choice -- As part of the certification to affirmatively further fair housing, jurisdictions must complete an analysis of impediments to fair housing choice and to take appropriate actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis. Jurisdictions are strongly encouraged to annually update their analysis of impediments and to include planned actions to overcome the effects of any impediments identified through that analysis in the annual action plan submission. Examples of actions to address impediments to fair housing choice can be found at: <http://www.hud.gov/offices/cpd/about/conplan/fairhousingexs/fha200510.pdf>.

Performance Measurement Systems -- In addition to outputs, jurisdictions are strongly encouraged to develop performance measurement systems that contain proposed and

actual outcomes. See CPD Notice 03-09 and the Federal Register Notice, dated March 7, 2006, for guidance regarding performance measurement systems.

Target Areas -- Studies indicate concentrated investments have a greater impact neighborhood stabilization and revitalization. Jurisdictions are encouraged to identify geographic areas where the jurisdiction will concentrate the use block grant funds and other local actions in a coordinated manner to achieve local objectives and desired outcomes, i.e., increased homeownership and property values, reduction in crime rates, code enforcement, transit-oriented development, foreclosure recovery, etc.

Sustainable Communities Initiative -- Does the action plan identify how the jurisdiction plans to provide more transportation choices, promote affordable housing, enhance economic competitiveness, support existing communities, coordinate policies and leverage investment, and value communities and neighborhoods?

PREPARING CONSOLIDATED ANNUAL PERFORMANCE AND EVALUATION REPORT SUBMISSIONS

INTRODUCTION

HUD and its Community Planning and Development (CPD) formula grant program grantees will be transitioning to a new Integrated Disbursement and Information System (IDIS). All Entitlement grantees should be using the system to track disbursements and report performance on outputs and outcomes for the program year. Grantees must report on program year accomplishments, outcomes, and performance and Field Office staff subsequently must review that performance.

Beginning October 1, 2006, each Consolidated Annual Performance and Evaluation Report (CAPER) or Performance and Evaluation Report (PER) should include the status of the grantee's efforts toward implementing outcome performance measurement system requirements described in the Federal Register Notice dated March 7, 2006. All CAPER or PER reports should provide a description of how the jurisdiction's or State's program provided new or improved availability/accessibility, affordability, sustainability of decent housing, a suitable living environment, and economic opportunity. The CAPER/PER must include a comparison of the proposed versus actual outcomes for each outcome measure submitted with the consolidated plan and explain, if applicable, why progress was not made toward meeting goals and objectives.

These steps guide the jurisdiction through the process of preparing its consolidated plan and action plan submission to HUD.

I. Executive Summary

Provide a brief overview that includes major initiatives and highlights how activities undertaken during the program year addressed strategic plan objectives and areas of high priority identified in the consolidated plan. *(This should be summary information so that HUD and citizens can easily assess annual progress made toward meeting longer term goals.)*

Summary of Resources and Distribution of Funds

Identify the Federal funds made available for furthering the objectives of the consolidated plan. For each formula grant program, the grantee shall identify the total amount of funds available (including estimated program income and proceeds from Section 108), the total amount of funds committed during the reporting period, the total amount expended during the reporting period, and the geographic distribution and location of expenditures. Jurisdictions are encouraged to include maps in describing the geographic distribution and location of investment (including areas of low-income and minority concentration). The geographic distribution and expenditure requirement may be satisfied by specifying the census tracts where expenditures were concentrated and the percentage of funds expended in target areas. The local jurisdiction must also submit an updated CDBG Financial Summary Report (PR26).

II. Three - Five Year Plan Assessment of Progress

1. Three - Five Year goals and objectives
 - a. Describe the accomplishments in attaining the goals and objectives for the reporting period. *(This should be summary information so that HUD and citizens can easily assess progress made toward meeting longer term goals.)*
 - b. Provide a breakdown of the CPD formula grant funds spent in attaining the goals and objectives.
 - c. If applicable, explain why progress was not made towards meeting the goals and objectives.
2. Describe the manner in which you would change your program as a result of your experiences.

III. Assessment of Annual Progress

1. Affirmatively Furthering Fair Housing

- a. Actions taken to affirmatively further fair housing.
- b. Summary of impediments to fair housing choice in the Analysis of Impediments (AI).
- c. Identify actions taken to overcome effects of impediments identified in the AI.

2. Affordable Housing

Evaluate progress in meeting its specific affordable housing objectives, including:

- a. Comparison of proposed numeric goals (from the consolidated plan and annual action plan) with the actual number of extremely low income, low income, and moderate income renter and owner households assisted during the reporting period.

- b. Report the number of households served meeting the Section 215 requirements of affordable housing (essentially meeting the definitions in 24 CFR 92.252 and 92.254 for renters and owners, respectively).
- c. Description of efforts to address worst case needs (defined as low-income renters with severe cost burden, in substandard housing, or involuntarily displaced).
- d. Description of efforts to address the accessibility needs of persons with disabilities.

3. Homeless and Other Special Needs

Evaluate progress in the jurisdiction's progress in meeting its specific objectives for reducing and ending homelessness through:

- a. Reaching out to homeless persons (especially unsheltered persons) and assessing their individual needs.
- b. Addressing the emergency and transitional housing needs of homeless persons.
- c. Helping homeless persons (especially chronically homeless individuals and families, families with children, veterans and their families, and unaccompanied youth) make the transition to permanent housing and independent living, , including shortening the period of time that individuals and families experience homelessness, facilitating access for homeless individuals to affordable housing units, and preventing individuals and families who were recently homeless from becoming homeless again.
- d. Helping low-income individuals and families avoid becoming homeless, especially extremely low-income individuals and families who are likely to be discharged from publicly funded institution and systems of care (such as health care facilities, mental health facilities, foster care and other youth facilities, and corrections programs and institutions); and those receiving assistance from public or private agencies that address housing, health, social service, employment, education or youth needs.

4. Describe Other Actions in Strategic Plan or Action Plan Taken To:

- a. Address obstacles to meeting underserved needs.
- b. Foster and maintain affordable housing.
- c. Eliminate barriers to affordable housing.
- d. Overcome gaps in institutional structures and enhance coordination.
- e. Improve public housing and resident initiatives.
- f. Evaluate and reduce lead based paint hazards.

- g. Ensure compliance with program and comprehensive planning requirements.
- h. Reduce the number of persons living below the poverty level.

5. Leveraging Resources

- a. Identify progress in obtaining “other” public and private resources to address needs.
- b. How Federal resources from HUD leveraged other public and private resources.
- c. How matching requirements were satisfied.

6. Citizen Comments

Describe steps taken to obtain citizen input and provide a summary of citizen comments it received regarding the programs covered by its consolidated plan and the disposition of those comments. (Section 91.105(d)(2) of the consolidated plan regulations requires that grantees consider any comments or views of citizens, received in writing or orally at public hearings, in preparing the CAPER.)

7. Self Evaluation

Provide an evaluation of accomplishments. This evaluation must include a comparison of the proposed versus actual outcomes of each outcome measure submitted with the consolidated plan and explain, if applicable why progress was not made toward meeting goals and objectives.

Questions a grantee may want to consider include:

- a. Are activities and strategies having an impact on identified needs? What indicators would best describe overall results? Are major goals on target?
- b. What barriers may have a negative impact on fulfilling strategies and achieving the overall vision?
- c. Based on this evaluation, what adjustments or improvements to strategies and activities might help meet the identified needs more effectively?

8. Monitoring

- a. Describe how and the frequency with which you monitored your activities.
- b. What is the status of your grant programs?
 - Are any activities or strategies falling behind schedule?
 - Are grant disbursements timely?
 - Do actual expenditures differ from letter of credit disbursements?

IV. Program Narratives

In addition to the general narrative, a grantee must provide narratives that address the following requirements of each of the four consolidated plan programs for which it received funding.

All Grantees Receiving CDBG Funds Must Submit the Following Narrative Information:

1. Assessment of Relationship of CDBG Funds to Goals and Objectives

- a. Assess use of CDBG funds (including program income and Section 108) in relation to the priorities, needs, goals, and specific objectives in the Consolidated Plan, particularly the highest priority activities.
- b. Evaluate progress made toward meeting goals for providing affordable housing using CDBG funds, including the number and types of households served.

2. Changes in Program Objectives

- a. Identify nature of and reasons for any changes in program objectives and how the jurisdiction would change its program as a result of its experiences.

3. Assessment of Efforts in Carrying Out Planned Actions

- a. Indicate how you pursued all resources indicated in the Consolidated Plan.
- b. Indicate how you provided certifications of consistency in a fair and impartial manner.
- c. Indicate how you did not hinder Consolidated Plan implementation by action or willful inaction.

4. Use of CDBG Funds for National Objectives

- a. If CDBG funds were not used exclusively for activities benefiting low/mod persons, for slum/ blight activities, or to meet urgent community needs, explain why?
- b. If you did not comply with certification to expend no less than 70% of your CDBG funding during the specified period on activities that benefit low/mod person, explain why?

5. Anti-displacement and Relocation -- for activities that involve acquisition, rehabilitation or demolition of occupied real property:

- a. Steps actually taken to minimize the amount of displacement resulting from the CDBG-assisted activities.
- b. Steps taken to identify households, businesses, farms or nonprofit organizations who

occupied properties subject to the Uniform Relocation Act or Section 104(d) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended, and whether or not they were displaced, and the nature of their needs and preferences.

- c. Steps taken to ensure the timely issuance of information notices to displaced households, businesses, farms, or nonprofit organizations.

6. Low/Mod Job Activities -- for economic development activities undertaken where jobs were made available but not taken by low or moderate income persons:

- a. Actions taken by grantee and businesses to ensure first consideration was or will be given to low/mod persons.
- b. List by job title of all the permanent jobs created/retained and those that were made available to low/mod persons.
- c. If any of jobs claimed as being available to low/mod persons require special skill, work experience, or education, a description of steps being taken or that will be taken to provide such skills, experience, or education.

7. Program income received

- a. Amount of program income reported that was returned to each individual revolving fund, e.g., housing rehabilitation, economic development, or other type of revolving fund.
- b. Amount repaid on each float-funded activity.
- c. All other loan repayments broken down by the categories of housing rehabilitation, economic development, or other
- d. Amount of income received from the sale of property by parcel.

8. Prior period adjustments -- where reimbursement was made this reporting period for expenditures (made in previous reporting periods) that have been disallowed, provide the following information:

- a. Activity name and number as shown in IDIS.
- b. Program year(s) in which the expenditure(s) for the disallowed activity(ies) was reported.
- c. Amount returned to line-of-credit or program account.
- d. Total amount to be reimbursed and the time period over which the reimbursement is to be made, if the reimbursement is made with multi-year payments.

9. Loans and other receivables

- a. Principal balance for each float-funded activity outstanding as of the end of the reporting period and the date(s) by which the funds are expected to be received.
- b. Total number of other loans outstanding and the principal balance owed as of the end of the reporting period.
- c. List separately the total number of outstanding loans that are deferred or forgivable, the principal balance owed as of the end of the reporting period, and the terms of the deferral or forgiveness.
- d. Total number and amount of loans made with CDBG funds that have gone into default and for which the balance was forgiven or written off during the reporting period.
- e. A list of the parcels of property owned by the grantee or its subrecipients that have been acquired or improved using CDBG funds and that are available for sale as of the end of the reporting period.

10. Lump sum agreements

- a. Name of the financial institution.
- b. Date the funds were deposited.
- c. Date the use of funds commenced.
- d. Percentage of funds disbursed within 180 days of deposit in the institution.

11. Neighborhood Revitalization Strategies – for grantees that have HUD-approved neighborhood revitalization strategies:

- a. Progress against benchmarks, i.e. outputs and outcomes for the program year.

For grantees with Federally-designated EZs or ECs that received HUD approval for a neighborhood revitalization strategy, reports that are required as part of the EZ/EC process shall suffice for purposes of reporting progress.

For recipients of Neighborhood Stabilization Program funds, identify progress in addressing areas of greatest need.

All Grantees Receiving HOME Funds Must Submit the Following Narrative Information:

1. Assessment of Relationship of HOME Funds to Goals and Objectives

- a. Assess the use of HOME funds in relation to the priorities, needs, goals, and specific objectives in the consolidated plan, particularly the highest priority needs.
- b. Evaluate progress made toward meeting goals for providing affordable housing using

HOME funds, including the number and types of households served.

2. HOME Match Report

- a. Use HOME Match Report HUD-40107-A to report on match contributions for the period covered by the Consolidated Plan Program year.

3. HOME MBE and WBE Report

- a. Use Part III of HUD Form 40107 to report contracts and subcontracts with Minority Business Enterprises (MBEs) and Women's Business Enterprises (WBEs).

4. Assessments

- a. Results of on-site inspections of rental housing.
- b. HOME jurisdiction's affirmative marketing actions.
- c. Outreach to minority and women owned businesses.

All Grantees Receiving HOPWA Funds Must Submit the Following Narrative Information:

Assessment of Relationship of HOPWA funds to Goals and Objectives

- a. Assess the use of HOPWA funds in relation to the priorities, needs, goals, and specific objectives in the consolidated plan, particularly the highest priority activities.
- b. Evaluate progress toward meeting the goals of providing affordable housing using HOPWA funds, including the number and types of households served.

To report progress under these general and HOPWA specific requirements, the grantee may integrate the HOPWA elements in their standard CAPER report or establish a HOPWA-specific narrative by completing the following information.

HOPWA formula grantees are required to submit a CAPER, and complete annual performance information for all activities undertaken during each program year in the IDIS, demonstrating coordination with other Consolidated Plan resources. The Consolidated Plan Management Process tool (CPMP) provides an optional tool to integrate the reporting of HOPWA specific activities with other planning and reporting on Consolidated Plan activities.

The revised HOPWA CAPER is designed to accomplish the following: (1) provide for an assessment of unmet need; (2) streamline reporting sources and uses of leveraged resources; (3) differentiate client outcomes for temporary/short-term and permanent facility-based assistance; (4) clarify indicators for short-term efforts and reducing the risk of homelessness; and (5) clarify indicators for Access to Care and Support for this special needs population. In addition, grantees are requested to comply with the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act 2006 (Public Law 109-282) which requires federal grant recipients to provide general information for all entities (including subrecipients) receiving \$25,000+ in federal funds.

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CAPER Explanation: The HOPWA Charts are to be used in connection with the grantee narrative and performance assessment portion of the CAPER. See detailed instructions for completing the HOPWA Charts at: <http://www.hud.gov/offices/adm/hudclips/forms/files/40110-d.doc>.

PART 1: Grantee Executive Summary

Chart 1 requests general grantee information and Chart 2 is to be completed for each organization selected or designated as a project sponsor, as defined by CFR 574.3. Chart 3 indicates each subrecipient organization with a contract/agreement of \$25,000 or greater that assists grantees or project sponsors carrying out their activities.

A. Grantee and Community Overview

Provide a one to three page narrative summarizing major achievements and highlights that were proposed and completed during the program year. Include a brief description of the grant organization, area of service, the name(s) of the program contact(s), and an overview of the range/type of housing activities provided. This overview may be used for public information, including posting on HUD's website.

B. Annual Performance under the Action Plan

Provide a narrative addressing each of the following four items:

1. Outputs Reported. Describe significant accomplishments or challenges in achieving the number of housing units supported and the number households assisted with HOPWA funds during this operating year compared to plans for this assistance, as approved in the Consolidated Plan/Action Plan. Describe how HOPWA funds were distributed during your program year among different categories of housing and geographic areas to address needs throughout the grant service area, consistent with approved plans.

2. Outcomes Assessed. Assess program goals against actual client outcomes for achieving housing stability, reducing risks of homelessness, and improving access to care. If current year results are lower than the national program targets (80 percent of HOPWA clients maintain housing stability, avoid homelessness and access care), please describe the steps being taken to achieve the national outcome goal in next operating year.

3. Coordination. Report on program coordination with other mainstream housing and supportive services resources, including the use of committed leveraging from other public and private sources that helped to address needs for eligible persons identified in the Consolidated Plan/Strategic Plan.

4. Technical Assistance. Describe any program technical assistance needs and how they would benefit program beneficiaries.

C. Barriers and Trends Overview

Provide a narrative addressing items 1 through 3. Explain how barriers and trends affected your program’s ability to achieve the objectives and outcomes discussed in the previous section.

1. Describe any barriers (including regulatory and non-regulatory) encountered, actions taken in response to barriers, and recommendations for program improvement. Provide an explanation for each barrier selected.

<input type="checkbox"/> HOPWA/HUD Regulations	<input type="checkbox"/> Planning	<input type="checkbox"/> Housing Availability	<input type="checkbox"/> Rent Determination and FMR
<input type="checkbox"/> Discrimination/Confidentiality	<input type="checkbox"/> Multiple Diagnoses	<input type="checkbox"/> Eligibility	<input type="checkbox"/> Technical Assistance or Training
<input type="checkbox"/> Supportive Services	<input type="checkbox"/> Credit History	<input type="checkbox"/> Rental History	<input type="checkbox"/> Criminal Justice History
<input type="checkbox"/> Housing Affordability	<input type="checkbox"/> Other, please explain further		

2. Describe any trends in the community that may affect the way in which the needs of persons living with HIV/AIDS are being addressed, and provide any other information important to the future provision of services to this population.

3. Identify any evaluations, studies, or other assessments of the HOPWA program that are available to the public.

D. Unmet Housing Needs: Assessment of Unmet Housing Needs

Chart 1 provides an assessment of the number of HOPWA-eligible households that require housing assistance but are not currently served by HOPWA in this service area. Rows a through c report the number of HOPWA-eligible households by type of assistance whose housing needs are not met.

PART 2: Sources of Leveraging

Reports the source(s) of cash or in-kind leveraged federal, state, local or private resources identified in the Consolidated or Annual Plan and used in the delivery of the HOPWA program and the amount of leveraged dollars.

PART 3: Accomplishment Data - Planned Goal and Actual Outputs

Chart 1 reports performance information (goals and actual outputs) for all activities undertaken

during the operating year supported with HOPWA funds. Performance is measured by the number of households and units of housing that were supported with HOPWA or other federal, state, local, or private funds for the purposes of providing housing assistance and support to persons living with HIV/AIDS and their families. *Note: The total households assisted with HOPWA funds and reported in PART 3 of the CAPER should be the same as reported in the annual year-end IDIS data, and goals reported should be consistent with the Annual Plan information. Any discrepancies or deviations should be explained in the narrative section of PART 1.*

Part 4: Summary of Performance Outcomes

Section 1. Housing Stability: Assessment of Client Outcomes on Maintaining Housing Stability (Permanent Housing and Related Facilities)

Column 1 reports the total number of eligible households that received HOPWA housing assistance, by type. Column 2 reports the number of households continuing to access each type of housing assistance, the following year. Column 3 reports the housing status of all households that exited the program. Columns 2 (Number of Households Continuing) and 3 (Exited Households) summed will equal the total households reported in Column 1.

Section 2. Prevention of Homelessness: Assessment of Client Outcomes on Reduced Risks of Homelessness (Short-Term Housing Assistance)

Reports the total number of households that received STRMU assistance in Column 1. Column 2 reports the result of the housing assessment made at time of assistance, or updated in the operating year. (Column 3 provides a description of housing outcomes; therefore, data is not required.) Row 1a reports the total number of households served in the prior operating year that received STRMU assistance this year. Row 1b reports the total number of households that received STRMU Assistance in the 2 prior operating years that received STRMU assistance this year.

Section 3. HOPWA Outcomes on Access to Care and Support

1A. Status of Households Accessing Care and Support by Project Sponsors delivering HOPWA Housing Assistance/Housing Placement/Case Management

Reports the number of client households receiving any type of HOPWA housing assistance that demonstrated improved access or maintained connections to care and support within the program year by: having a housing plan; having contact with a case manager/benefits counselor; visiting a primary health care provider; accessing medical insurance/assistance; and accessing or qualifying for income benefits.

1B. Number of Households Obtaining Employment

Reports the number of recipient households that include persons who obtained an income-producing job during the operating year that resulted from HOPWA funded: job training, employment assistance, education or related case management/counseling services.

2A. Status of Households Accessing Care and Support through HOPWA-funded Services receiving Housing Assistance from Other Sources

Reports the number of client households served by project sponsors receiving HOPWA-funded

housing placement or case management services who have other and housing arrangements that demonstrated improved access or maintained connections to care and support within the program year by: having a housing plan; having contact with a case manager/benefits counselor; visiting a primary health care provider; accessing medical insurance/assistance; and accessing or qualifying for income benefits.

2B. Number of Households Obtaining Employment

Reports the number of recipient households that include persons who obtained an income-producing job during the operating year that resulted from HOPWA funded: job training, employment assistance, education or related case management/counseling services.

Part 5: Worksheet – Determining Housing Stability Outcomes

This chart is designed to assess program results based on the information reported in Part 4.

Part 6: Certification of Continued Usage for HOPWA Facility-Based Stewardship Units (ONLY)

Grantees that use HOPWA funding for new construction, acquisition, or substantial rehabilitation are required to operate their facilities for HOPWA eligible individuals for at least ten years. If non-substantial rehabilitation funds were used they are required to operate for at least three years. Stewardship begins once the facility is put into operation. This Annual Certification of Continued HOPWA Project Operations is to be used in place of other sections of the APR, in the case that no additional HOPWA funds were expended in this operating year at this facility that had been acquired, rehabilitated or constructed and developed in part with HOPWA funds.

All Grantees Receiving ESG Funds Must Submit the Following Narrative Information:

1. Assessment of Relationship of ESG Funds to Goals and Objectives

- a. Identify actions to address emergency shelter and transitional housing needs of homeless individuals and families (including significant subpopulations such as those living on the streets).
- b. Evaluate progress made in using ESG funds to address homeless and homeless prevention needs, goals, and specific objectives established in the consolidated plan.
- c. Detail how ESG projects are related to implementation of comprehensive homeless planning strategy, including the number and types of individuals and persons in households served with ESG funds.

2. Matching Resources

- a. Provide specific sources and amounts of new funding used to meet match as required by 42 USC 11375(a)(1), including cash resources, grants, and staff salaries, as well as in-kind contributions such as the value of a building or lease, donated materials, or volunteer time.

3. State Method of Distribution

- a. States must describe their method of distribution and how it rated and selected its local government agencies and private nonprofit organizations acting as subrecipients.

4. Activity and Beneficiary Data

- a. Include the number of persons assisted, the types of assistance provided, and the project or program outcome data measured under the performance standards developed in consultation with the Continuum (s) of Care.
- b. Completion of ESG Program Performance reports showing ESGP expenditures by type of activity. Also describe any problems in collecting, reporting, and evaluating the reliability of this information.

5. Chronic Homelessness

- a. Describe actions steps taken to address chronic homelessness.

6. Homeless Discharge Coordination

As part of the government developing and implementing a homeless discharge coordination policy, ESG homeless prevention funds may be used to assist very-low income individuals and families at risk of becoming homeless after being released from publicly funded institutions such as health care facilities, foster care or other youth facilities, or corrections institutions or programs.

- a. Explain how your government is implementing a homeless discharge coordination policy, and how ESG homeless prevention funds are being used in this effort.

Emergency Solutions Grant Program

Jurisdictions receiving funding under the Emergency Solutions Grant program pursuant to the interim rule published on December 5, 2011 must include, in a form prescribed by HUD, the number of persons assisted, the types of assistance provided, and the project or program outcomes data measured under the performance standards developed in consultation with the Continuum(s) of Care.

Public Participation

This component requests information needed to satisfy public participation requirements. It is important that the reports provided to citizens, community groups, and local political leaders present a clear and complete statement of what has been accomplished not only to HUD, but also to citizens, community groups, and local political leaders. Therefore, we urge your attention to assembling this information in a manner that relates back to the needs, strategies, and objectives as described and presented in your approved Consolidated Plan and Action Plan.

Before submitting performance reports to the HUD Field Office for review, the jurisdiction must make the report available to the public for examination and comment for a period of at least 15 days. A copy of the performance information made available to HUD, including the summary of public comments received as a result of the public participation process, must be available for examination by the public upon request.

The grantee must provide the public a summary of community accomplishments for each priority need that the community designated in the strategic plan. For public services, this must include the number of persons served during the reporting period. For public facilities and improvements, this must include the number of projects assisted and the number of projects completed during the reporting period. For economic development needs, this must include the actual number of businesses assisted, jobs assisted, and the actual number of extremely low-, low-, and moderate-income persons assisted during the reporting period.

This summary of accomplishments can be met using the standard reports generated from the Integrated Disbursements and Information System (IDIS). IDIS information retrieval and reporting capability currently can provide the basic accomplishment and program information needed to identify the eligibility and funding status of activities.

Other Attachments and Narratives

Attach copies of summary of specific objectives and annual housing completion goals from consolidated plan, (i.e., Table 1C, 2C, 3A, 3B). The grantee must submit an updated Financial Summary Report (PR26), and other information required by regulations located at 24 CFR 91.520, including 91.520(c) which requires a description of the use of CDBG funds during the program year. The term “CDBG funds” is defined at 24 CFR 570.3 and 570.481 to include loans guaranteed under subpart M of the CDBG regulations (24 CFR 570.700, the Section 108 loan guarantee regulations) and funds awarded under Economic Development Grants, section 108(q) of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974, as amended (i.e., EDI/ BEDI grants).

Include any CAPER information not covered by narratives in any other section.

The following IDIS reports with an asterisk (*) contain information that must be provided to citizens in order to satisfy annual performance report requirements contained for Consolidated Plan under 24 CFR 91.520.

- *Summary of Accomplishments Report (C04PR23)
- *Summary of Consolidated Plan Projects for Report Year XXXX (C04PR06)
- *CDBG Financial Summary Report (C04PR26)
- *CDBG Summary of Activities (C04PR03)
- *CDBG Performance Measures Report (C04PR83)
- *CDBG Strategy Area, CDFI, and Local Target Area (C04PR84)
- *HOME Housing Performance Report (Grantee/PJ) (C04PR85)
- *ESG Performance Measures Report (C04PR81)
- *HOPWA Measuring Housing Stability Outcomes (C04PR80)
- *HOPWA Units/Households and Funds Expended (C04PR82)

Priority Needs Summary Tables

General Information:

These tables are to be used to identify the priority (including the relative priority if any) given to each category of needs for the period of time designated in the strategic plan portion of this document.

Table 1A Homeless Gap Analysis and Homeless Population/Subpopulation Chart Instructions

A jurisdiction must provide a complete description of the sources and methods used to generate the data addressing, where appropriate, the following: (a) when the study was conducted; (b) who did the study; (c) the study's purpose(s); (d) geographical area(s) covered; (e) time period of data collection (e.g., one night, over a week's time); (f) locations included (shelter-type facilities, service facilities, non-facility locations, such as streets, parks); and (g) corrections made for possible duplicate counting.

If the jurisdiction is unsure about whether its counting methods meet HUD's standards, it may contact the local Office of Community Planning and Development.

Continuum of Care Housing Gap Analysis Chart:

This required chart represents the need for additional emergency, transitional housing and permanent supportive housing resources. The estimated unmet need is based upon the status of the inventory at a point-in-time (one-day) and takes into account both existing beds and funded new beds that are not yet ready for occupancy but are under development.

Current Inventory: Enter the number of existing beds currently serving the community. This includes only beds currently available for occupancy.

Under Development: Enter the number of funded beds not ready for occupancy but under development.

Unmet Need/Gap: Enter the number of beds determined to be the unmet need for each category.

Continuum of Care Homeless Population and Subpopulation Chart:

Completing Part 1: Homeless Population. This required chart must be completed using statistically reliable, unduplicated counts or estimates of homeless persons in sheltered and unsheltered locations at a one-day point in time. The counts must be from: **(A)** administrative records, **(N)** enumerations, **(S)** statistically reliable samples, or **(E)** estimates. The quality of the data presented in each box must be identified as: **(A), (N), (S) or (E)**.

Completing Part 2: Homeless Subpopulations. This must be completed using statistically reliable, unduplicated counts or estimates of homeless persons in sheltered and unsheltered

locations at a one-day point in time. The numbers must be from: **(A)** administrative records, **(N)** enumerations, **(S)** statistically reliable samples, or **(E)** estimates. The quality of the data presented in each box must be identified as: **(A), (N), (S) or (E)**.

Sheltered Homeless. Count adults, children and youth residing in shelters for the homeless. “Shelters” include all emergency shelters and transitional shelters for the homeless, including domestic violence shelters, residential programs for runaway/homeless youth, and any hotel/motel/apartment voucher arrangements paid by a public/private agency because the person or family is homeless. **Do not count:** (1) persons who are living doubled up in conventional housing; (2) formerly homeless persons who are residing in Section 8 SRO, Shelter Plus Care, SHP permanent housing or other permanent housing units; (3) children or youth, who because of their own or a parent’s homelessness or abandonment, now reside temporarily and for a short anticipated duration in hospitals, residential treatment facilities, emergency foster care, detention facilities and the like; and (4) adults living in mental health facilities, chemical dependency facilities, or criminal justice facilities.

Unsheltered Homeless. Count adults, children and youth sleeping in places not meant for human habitation. Places not meant for human habitation include streets, parks, alleys, parking ramps, parts of the highway system, transportation depots and other parts of transportation systems (e.g. subway tunnels, railroad car), all-night commercial establishments (e.g. movie theaters, laundromats, restaurants), abandoned buildings, building roofs or stairwells, chicken coops and other farm outbuildings, caves, campgrounds, vehicles, and other similar places.

Table 1B **Special Needs (Non-Homeless) Populations**

General Instructions:

To the degree practicable, give your best estimate of the unmet needs of special need populations for each sub-populations of the non-homeless persons during the time designated in the strategic plan. In addition to the listed sub-populations you can add other groups in need.

Priority Need Level Column: Choose the priority for allocating investment to each category of housing need (if any). Designation of the relative priority is optional. If the following definitions of “high”, “medium”, and “low” priority are not used, please describe the manner in which the priorities for allocating investment are identified. For example, you can indicate a priority with a check mark, a “Y” for “Yes”, a “N” for “No”.

Unmet Priority Need: To the degree practicable, jurisdictions should enter the best estimate of the unmet need for supportive housing or services. Data may be calculated from administrative record keeping, enumerations, statistically reliable samples, or other sources.

Estimated \$ Column: To the degree practicable, jurisdictions should enter the estimated dollar amount required to properly address the need.

Goals: Enter the 3-5 year housing goals identifying the non-homeless number of people with special needs the jurisdiction expects to serve during the period of time designated in the strategic plan component of this document.

Line item instructions:

Elderly: Enter the best estimate of unmet need and the estimated dollar amount required to address the needs of elderly persons that are not homeless but need supportive housing or services.

Frail Elderly: Enter the best estimate of unmet need and the estimated dollar amount required to address the needs of frail elderly persons that are not homeless but need supportive housing or services.

Severe mental illness only: Enter the best estimate of unmet need and the estimated dollar amount required to address the needs of severe mentally ill persons that are not homeless but need supportive housing or services.

Developmentally disabled: Enter the best estimate of unmet need and estimated dollar amount required to address the needs of developmentally disabled persons that are not homeless but need supportive housing or services.

Physically disabled: Enter the best estimate of unmet need and estimated dollar amount of required to address the needs of physically disabled persons that are not homeless but need supportive housing or services.

Alcohol/other drug addiction only: Enter the best estimate of unmet need and estimated dollar amount required to address the needs of persons with alcohol/other drug addiction that are not homeless but need supportive housing or services.

HIV/AIDS: Enter the best estimate of unmet need and estimated dollar amount required to address the needs of persons with HIV/AIDS that are not homeless but need supportive housing or services. (This is required for HOPWA recipients.)

Victims of Domestic Violence: Enter the best estimate of unmet need and estimated dollar amount required to address the needs of victims of domestic violence that are not homeless but need supportive housing or services.

Other: Specify by entering the description, priority need level and estimated dollar amount.

Table 1C
Summary of Specific Multi-Year Objectives
Homeless and Special Needs

Specific Objective #: Identify each specific multi-year objective with a unique number. For example, DH-1.1, DH-1.2, DH-1.3 for specific objectives that correspond with the category availability/accessibility of decent housing.

Specific Objectives: Identify the specific, measurable objective(s) under each general outcome/objective category. List specific objectives that are supported by the use of CPD

formula grant funds separate from those that are not supported by the use of CPD formula grant funds. Each specific objective developed to address a priority need, must be identified by number and contain proposed accomplishments and outcomes the jurisdiction expects to achieve in quantitative terms through related activities over a specific timeframe, or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction.

Sources of Funds: Identify the sources of funds that will be used to achieve the stated specific objective during the period covered by the strategic plan.

Performance Indicator: Enter the performance indicator that most closely describes the type of accomplishment and the most appropriate measure of that accomplishment. The performance should be a reasonable projection of what will be accomplished during the period designated for the specific objective.

Expected Number: Enter the number of the item indicated under Performance Indicator that the jurisdiction expects will be accomplished during the period designated for the specific objective.

Actual Number: Enter the number of the item indicated under Performance Indicator that the jurisdiction actually accomplished during the time period of time designated for the specific objective. (This is for the annual performance report.)

Outcome/Objective: Identify the outcome/objective category in the following manner:

	Availability/Accessibility	Affordability	Sustainability
Decent Housing	DH-1	DH-2	DH-3
Suitable Living Environment	SL-1	SL-2	SL-3
Economic Opportunity	EO-1	EO-2	EO-3

TARGET AREA DESIGNATIONS

Identify all census tracts for all locally designated target areas where revitalization efforts are carried out. The target area exhibit displaying census tract identifiers must include the following data elements recorded in the format described below:

Target Area Name: Identify the local name for the target area.

Zipcode: Identify the zipcode(s) where the target area(s) are located.

Census Tract(s): The 2000 Census code assigned to each census tract (6 characters). A four-digit basic number with a two-digit numeric suffix identifies census tracts. If the census tract does not have a suffix, the suffix will be blank or zero filled. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in the printed reports and on census maps. Every tract entry field must be 6 characters. The decimal points are not used.

Include leading 0's if the basic tract number is less than four characters. If the tract does not include a suffix, then add a 00 at the end. Whether or not the suffix is real or implied (00), please remember to **not** include the decimal point. Please make sure that the field is formatted as a TEXT field. If not, the leading 0's will be truncated after code is entered. Use the following examples as a guideline for formatting the census tract code:

2000 Census Tract	Required Format for the TRACT Field (six (6) characters required)
1	000100
11	001100
111	011100
1111	111100
1.01	000101
11.12	001112

Note: It is not necessary to uniquely list each designated census block group in a census tract. If you wish to identify the Census Block Group, identify the block groups that are numbered 1 thru 9 separately.

Table 2A Priority Housing Needs and Activities

The priority housing needs assessment shall be based on data available from the U.S. Census, as updated by a properly conducted local study or any other reliable source that the jurisdiction must clearly identify, and should reflect the required consultation with social service and public housing agencies regarding the housing needs of children, elderly persons, persons with disabilities, homeless persons, and other persons served by such agencies, and the citizen participation process. In establishing five-year allocation priorities, the unit of general local government should identify not only the various categories of low-income households that will have a priority for allocation of funds, but also the type of activities that would best meet the identified needs of households.

Definitions

Assisted Household - For the purpose of identification of priority needs, goals, and specific objectives, an assisted household is one that will receive benefits through the investment of Federal funds, either alone or in conjunction with the investment of other public or private funds. (The program funds providing the benefit(s) may be from any funding year or combined funding years.) A renter is benefited if the household or person takes occupancy of affordable housing that is newly acquired (standard housing), newly rehabilitated, or newly constructed, and/or receives rental assistance through new budget authority. An existing homeowner is benefited if the home's rehabilitation is completed. A homebuyer is benefited if a home is purchased during the year. Households that will benefit from more than one program (e.g. a renter who receives rental assistance while occupying newly rehabilitated housing) must be counted only once. To be included, the household's housing unit must, at a minimum, satisfy the HUD Section 8 Housing Quality Standards (see, e.g. 24 CFR 882.109).

Section 215 Affordable Housing

1. **Rental Housing:** A rental housing unit is considered to be an affordable housing unit if it is occupied by a extremely low-income, low-income, or moderate-income family or individual and bears a rent that is the lesser of (1) the Existing Section 8 Fair Market Rent for comparable units in the area or, (2) 30 percent of the adjusted income of a family whose

income equals 65 percent of the median income for the area, except that HUD may establish income ceilings higher or lower than 65 percent of the median income because of prevailing levels of construction costs or fair market rents, or unusually high or low family incomes.

2. **Homeownership:**

- (a) Housing that is for purchase (with or without rehabilitation) qualifies as affordable housing if it (1) is purchased by a extremely low-income, low-income, or moderate-income first-time homebuyer who will make the housing his or her principal residence; and (2) has a sale price that does not exceed the mortgage limit for the type of single family housing for the area under HUD's single family insuring authority under the National Housing Act.
- (b) Housing that is to be rehabilitated, but is already owned by a family when assistance is provided, qualifies as affordable housing if the housing (1) is occupied by a extremely low-income, low-income, or moderate-income family which uses the house as its principal residence, and (2) has a value, after rehabilitation, that does not exceed the mortgage limit for the type of single family housing for the area, as described in (a) above.

Table 2A -- Priority Housing Needs Specific Instructions

Enter the letter H (for High), M (for Medium), L (for Low), to signify the relative priority (if any) to be given to each category of residents during the period of time designated in the strategic plan component of this document.

Small Related: A household of 2 to 4 persons that includes at least one person related to the householder by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Large Related: A household of 5 or more persons that includes at least one person related to the householder by blood, marriage, or adoption.

Elderly: A one or two person household in which the head of the household or spouse is at least 62 years of age.

Special Needs Populations: A household of one or more persons that includes persons that have mobility impairments or disabilities, (i.e., mental, physical, developmental, persons with HIV/AIDS and their families), victims of domestic violence, persons with alcohol or other drug addiction, or other special needs populations that may require housing or supportive services.

Other: A household of one or more persons that does not meet the definition of a small related, large related, elderly, or special needs population household. This category includes all households with only unrelated individuals present except those qualifying as elderly or special needs population households.

(MFI) Median Family Income:

0-30%: Subgroup with incomes of 0 to 30% of HUD-adjusted MFI for the area.

31-50%: Subgroup with income of 31 to 50% of HUD-adjusted MFI for the area.

51-80%: Subgroup with income of 51 to 80% of HUD-adjusted MFI for the area.

Priority Need Level Column: Choose the priority for allocating investment to each category of the housing need (if any). Designation of the relative priority is optional. If the following definitions of “high”, “medium”, and “low” priority are not used, please describe the manner in which the priorities for allocating investment are identified. For example, you can indicate a priority for allocating investments with a check mark, a “Y” for “Yes”, a “N” for “No”.

High Priority: Activities to address this unmet need will be funded by the locality with federal funds, either alone or in conjunction with the investment of other public or private funds during the period of time designated in the strategy portion of this document.

Medium Priority: If funds are available, activities to address this unmet need may be funded by the locality with federal funds, either alone or in conjunction with the investment of other public or private funds during the period of time designated in the strategy portion of this document. Also, the locality will take other actions to help this group locate other sources of funds.

Low Priority: The locality will not fund activities to address this unmet need during the period of time designated in the strategy portion of this document. The locality will consider certifications of consistency for other entities’ applications for Federal assistance.

Unmet Need: Enter the estimated number of eligible households in need of assistance for the ensuing five-year period that are not currently receiving assistance. This number is the unmet need.

Goals: For each of the categories of residents and tenure type, enter the planned number of households to be assisted with housing using funding from all sources during the 3-5 year period of time designated in the strategic plan. (Enter the actual number completed for the annual performance report.)

Total Goals: Enter the total planned number of households to be assisted with housing during the 3-5 year period of time designated in the strategy portion of this document. (Enter the actual number completed for the annual performance report.)

Total Section 215 Goals: Enter the total planned number of households to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the 3-5 year period of time designated in the strategy portion of this document using funds made available. (Enter the actual number completed for the annual performance report.)

Total Section 215 Renter Goals: Enter the total number of renter households the jurisdiction will provide affordable rental housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the 3-5 year period designated in the strategy portion of this document using funds made available. (Enter the actual number completed for the annual performance report.)

Total Section 215 Owner Goals: Enter the total number of owner households the jurisdiction

will provide affordable homeownership housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the period of time designated in the strategy portion of this document using funds made available. (Enter the actual number completed for the annual performance report.)

Table 2A -- Priority Housing Activities Specific Instructions

Priority: Choose the priority for allocating investment to each category of the housing activity. Designation of the relative priority is optional. If the following definitions of “high”, “medium”, and “low” priority are not used, please describe the manner in which the priorities for allocating investment are identified. For example, you can indicate a priority for allocating investments with a check mark, a “Y” for “Yes”, a “N” for “No”.

CDBG

Goals: For each category of activities, enter the planned number of households to be assisted with completed housing units that are considered affordable (using local definitions of affordability) housing using CDBG funding during the 3-5 year period of time designated in the strategic plan. (Enter the actual number completed for the annual performance report.)

HOME

Goals: For each category of activities, enter the planned number of households to be assisted with completed housing units that are considered affordable housing (meeting the HOME definitions of affordability) using HOME funding during the 3-5 year period of time designated in the strategic plan. (Enter the actual number completed for the annual performance report.)

HOPWA

Goals: For each category of activities, enter the planned number of households to be assisted with housing units that are considered affordable housing (using local definitions of affordability) or services using HOPWA funding during the 3-5 year period of time designated in the strategic plan. (Enter the actual number completed for the annual performance report.)

Table 2B Priority Community Development Needs

General Information

The needs listed in this section are non-housing community development needs. You should identify all priority unmet public facility, infrastructure, public service, anti-crime, youth, senior program, economic development, planning, and other non-housing community development needs that your community either currently has or will have over the period of time designated in the strategic plan component of this document. This should reflect the results of the citizen participation process and the required consultation with adjacent units of local government.

Priority Need Level Column: Choose the priority for allocating investment to each category of the housing need (if any). Designation of the relative priority is optional. If the following

definitions of “high”, “medium”, and “low” priority are not used, please describe the manner in which the priorities for allocating investment are identified. For example, you can indicate a priority for allocating investments with a check mark, a “Y” for “Yes”, a “N” for “No”.

High Priority: The jurisdiction plans to use funds made available for activities that address this unmet need during the period of time designated in the strategic plan.

Medium Priority: If funds are available, activities to address this unmet need may be funded by the locality during the period of time designated in the strategic plan. Also, the locality will take other actions to help this group locate other sources of funds.

Low Priority: The jurisdiction does not plan to use funds made available for activities to address this unmet need during the period of time designated in the strategic plan. The jurisdiction will consider certifications of consistency for other entities’ applications for Federal assistance.

No Such Need: The jurisdiction finds there is no need or the jurisdiction shows that this need is already substantially addressed.

Unmet Priority Need: This is an optional field. Should you use it, enter the estimated number of units of measure for each unmet priority non-housing community development need identified in the community for the ensuing five-year period designated in the strategic plan, regardless of whether adequate funds (public and private) are available to address the identified priority need. For public facilities and improvements indicate the number of activities needing assistance that the community considers a priority. For public services, indicate the estimated number of people needing assistance that the community considers a priority. For economic development needs, indicate the number of businesses or activities that community considers a priority.

Dollars to Address Unmet Priority Need: This is an optional field. Enter the estimated expenditure needed (in current dollars) to address the priority non-housing community development needs the jurisdiction either currently has or will have over the period of time designated in the strategic plan. Include all funds (public and private) that would be needed to address the priority needs.

Goals: This is an optional field. Should you use it, enter the 3-5 year community development goals the jurisdiction expects to achieve during the period of time designated in the strategic plan component of this document using funds made available. For public facilities and improvements, indicate the number of activities. For clearance and demolition, indicate the number of buildings. For public services, indicate the number of people to be served. For economic development needs, indicate the number of activities or businesses to be assisted or the number of jobs that will be created/retained.

Table 2C
Summary of Specific Multi-Year Objectives
Housing and Community Development

Specific Objective #: Identify each specific multi-year objective with a unique number. For

example, DH-1.1, DH-1.2, DH-1.3 for specific objectives under the category that correspond with availability/accessibility of decent housing.

Specific Objectives: Identify the specific, measurable objective(s) under each general outcome/objective category. List specific objectives that are supported by the use of CPD formula grant funds separate from those that are not supported by the use of CPD formula grant funds. Each specific objective developed to address a priority need, must be identified by number and contain proposed accomplishments and outcomes the jurisdiction expects to achieve in quantitative terms through related activities over a specific timeframe, or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction.

Sources of Funds: Identify the sources of funds that will be used to achieve the stated specific objective during the period covered by the strategic plan.

Performance Indicator: Enter the performance indicator that most closely describes the type of accomplishment and the most appropriate measure of that accomplishment. The performance should be a reasonable projection of what will be accomplished during the period designated for the specific objective.

Expected Number: Enter the number of the item indicated under Performance Indicator that the jurisdiction expects will be accomplished during the period designated for the objective.

Actual Number: Enter the number of the item indicated under Performance Indicator that the jurisdiction actually accomplished during the time period of time designated for the objective. (This is for the annual performance report.)

Outcome/Objective: Identify the outcome/objective category in the following manner:

	Availability/Accessibility	Affordability	Sustainability
Decent Housing	DH-1	DH-2	DH-3
Suitable Living Environment	SL-1	SL-2	SL-3
Economic Opportunity	EO-1	EO-2	EO-3

TARGET AREA DESIGNATIONS

Identify all census tracts for all locally designated target areas where revitalization efforts are carried out. The target area exhibit displaying census tract identifiers must include the following data elements recorded in the format described below:

Target Area Name: Identify the local name for the target area.

Zipcode: Identify the zipcode(s) where the target area(s) are located.

Census Tract(s): The 2000 Census code assigned to each census tract (6 characters). A four-digit basic number with a two-digit numeric suffix identifies census tracts. If the census tract does not have a suffix, the suffix will be blank or zero filled. The decimal point separating the four-digit basic tract number from the two-digit suffix is shown in the printed reports and on census maps. Every tract entry field must be 6 characters. The decimal points are not used.

Include leading 0's if the basic tract number is less than four characters. If the tract does not include a suffix, then add a 00 at the end. Whether or not the suffix is real or implied (00), please remember to **not** include the decimal point. Please make sure that the field is formatted as a TEXT field. If not, the leading 0's will be truncated after code is entered. Use the following examples as a guideline for formatting the census tract code:

2000 Census Tract	Required Format for the TRACT Field (six (6) characters required)
1	000100
11	001100
111	011100
1111	111100
1.01	000101
11.12	001112

Note: It is not necessary to uniquely list each designated census block group in a census tract. If you wish to identify the Census Block Group, identify the block groups that are numbered 1 thru 9 separately.

Table 3A Summary of Specific Annual Objectives

Specific Objective #: Identify each specific annual objective with a unique number. For example, DH-1.1, DH-1.2, DH-1.3 for specific annual objectives under the category that corresponds with availability/accessibility of affordable housing.

Sources of Funding: Identify the sources of funding that will be used to achieve the stated specific objective during the program year.

Specific Annual Objectives: Identify the specific, measurable annual objective that corresponds with the specific objectives in the strategic plan under each outcome/objective category. List specific annual objectives that are supported by the use of CPD formula grant funds separate from those that are not supported by the use of CPD formula grant funds. Each specific annual objective developed to address a priority need, must be identified by number and contain proposed accomplishments and annual program year numeric goals the jurisdiction expects to achieve in quantitative terms, or in other measurable terms as identified and defined by the jurisdiction.

Performance Indicator: Enter the performance indicator that most closely describes the type of accomplishment and the most appropriate measure of that accomplishment. The performance should be a reasonable projection of what will be accomplished during the program year.

Expected Number: Enter the annual number of the item indicated under Performance Indicator that the jurisdiction expects to accomplish during the annual program year.

Actual Number: Enter the annual number of the item indicated under Performance Indicator that the jurisdiction actually accomplished at the end of the annual program year. (This is for the annual performance report.)

Outcome/Objective: Identify the outcome/objective category in the following manner:

	Availability/Accessibility	Affordability	Sustainability
Decent Housing	DH-1	DH-2	DH-3
Suitable Living Environment	SL-1	SL-2	SL-3
Economic Opportunity	EO-1	EO-2	EO-3

Table 3B
Annual Affordable Housing Goals

Grantee Name: Enter name of grantee.

Program Year: Enter program year for the plan or annual performance report.

Expected Annual Number of Units To Be Completed: Enter the expected number of units the jurisdiction expects to complete during the program year.

Actual Annual Number of Units Completed: Enter the annual number of units the jurisdiction actually completed during the program year. (This is for the annual performance report.)

Resources used during the period: Enter a “X” in the cells that correspond with the source or sources of formula grant funds made available to the jurisdiction that were used for the various categories of households and the acquisition of existing units, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, construction of new, rental assistance, and homeownership assistance, and other activities as appropriate during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document.

Beneficiary Goals (Sec. 215 Only)

Homeless Households: Enter the total number of homeless households to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document.

Non-Homeless Households: Enter the total number of non-homeless households to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document.

Special Needs Households: Enter the total number of special needs households to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document.

Total Sec. 215 Beneficiaries: Enter the total number of homeless, non-homeless, and special needs households. (This should equal the sum of the three previous lines for the number of homeless, non-homeless, and special needs households and match the total Section 215 goal under the Combined Rental and Owner Goals section.)

NOTE: The three categories of homeless, non-homeless and special needs households are exclusive groups for purposes of this table. For example, if a persons is non-homeless and has special needs, you will need to choose the one category that would be most appropriate for your program(s). The household cannot be counted twice in both categories.

Rental Housing Goals (Sec. 215)

Enter the expected number of households the jurisdiction hopes to serve by the acquisition of existing units, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, and rental assistance during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document with funds made available by HUD to the jurisdiction.

Total Section 215 Affordable Renter: Enter the total number of renter households to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable rental housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the period designated in the action plan portion of this document using funds made available to the jurisdiction. (This should be equal to the sum of the four previous lines for the number of households served by the acquisition of existing units, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, and rental assistance.)

Home Owner Housing Goals (Sec. 215 Only)

Enter the expected number of households the jurisdiction hopes to serve by the acquisition of existing units, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, and homebuyer assistance during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document with funds made available by HUD to the jurisdiction.

Total Sec. 215 Affordable Owner: Enter the total number of owner households to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable homeownership housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document using funds made available to the jurisdiction. (This should be equal to the sum of the four previous lines for the number of households served by the acquisition of existing units, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, and homebuyer assistance.)

Combined Rental and Home Owner Goals (Sec. 215 Only)

Enter the expected number of households the jurisdiction hopes to serve by the acquisition of existing units, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, rental assistance and homebuyer assistance during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document with funds made available by HUD to the jurisdiction. (Each line should equal the number of households assisted under the respective lines for rental goals and owner goals.)

Total Section 215 Affordable Housing: Enter the total number of households to whom the jurisdiction will provide affordable housing meeting the Section 215 criteria during the period of time designated in the action portion of this document using funds made available to the jurisdiction. (This should be equal to the sum of the five previous lines for the number of households served by the acquisition of existing units, production of new units, rehabilitation of existing units, rental assistance and homebuyer assistance.)

Overall Annual Housing Goals (Section 215 + any other Affordable Housing Goals)

Total Annual Rental Housing Goal: Enter the total number of rental households to be assisted with completed housing units that are considered affordable (using local definitions of affordability) during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document.

Total Annual Owner Housing Goal: Enter the total number of owner households to be assisted with completed housing units that are considered affordable (using local definitions of affordability) during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document.

Total Annual Housing Goal: Enter the total number of households to be assisted with completed housing units that are considered affordable (using local definitions of affordability) during the period of time designated in the action plan portion of this document. (This should be equal to the sum of the two previous lines for the annual rental housing goal and annual owner housing goal.)

**Table 3C
Action Plan Table**

General Instructions:

This portion of the table is to be used to enter information on projects or activities that will be carried out during the program year with grant funds made available for program year XXXX and, if applicable, funds made available from prior year funds.

Project: Enter the name of the project.

Activity: Enter the name of the activity.

Priority Need Category: Enter the priority need category that most nearly describes what you will do with available funds. The grantees selects it's identified need from a list of priority need categories. The priority need categories are: Homeless/HIV/AIDS, Non-homeless Special Needs, Rental Housing, Owner Occupied Housing, Public Facilities, Infrastructure, Economic Development, Public Services, Planning/Administration, and Other.

Specific Objective #: The grantee should identify the specific annual objective number identified in Table 3A.

Descriptions: Enter information is necessary to describe the proposed project or activity pursuant to 24 CFR 91.220 (d), including the priority need that will be addressed and the number and type of families that will benefit from the proposed activity. For CDBG activities, the description should include sufficient detail, including location, to permit a clear understanding of the nature and eligibility of the activity and to allow citizens to determine the degree to which they may be affected. For example, housing activities should include the number and type families that will benefit from the proposed activity and whether the assistance is for owner-occupied, rental, or publicly owned units.

Objective Category: Identify the general objective category in accordance with the Federal Register Notice dated March 7, 2006 issued by HUD.

Outcome Category: Identify the general outcome category in accordance with the Federal Register Notice dated March 7, 2006 issued by HUD.

Location and Target Area: There are five possible formats for this section (Address, Community Wide, CT & BG, N/A, Suppressed). This information indicates where an activity will occur. If the activity is located in a target area, also identify the name of the target area and the census tract(s) for the entire target area.

Project ID: The value of this variable uniquely identifies each and every project you enter.

Local ID: This is an optional alpha-numeric field. You may use it to enter a activity code of up to 18 characters that has some local significance. No two activities may share the exact same code.

HUD Matrix Code: Enter the code that most nearly describes what you will do with the funds. Only one matrix code may be used for a activity.

Funding: This section describes the amount of Federal and non-Federal resources that will be used to address needs identified in the plan.

Community Development (CDBG): Enter the amount of CDBG funds that will be used for activities that will take place during the program year. Include any program income and Sec. 108 loan funds in the amount.

Homeless (ESG): Enter the amount of Emergency Solutions Grant funds that will be used for activities that will take place during the program year.

Housing (HOME): Enter the amount of HOME funds that will be used for activities that will take place during the program year.

HIV/AIDS (HOPWA): Enter the amount of Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS program funds will be used for activities that will take place during the program year within the eligible metropolitan statistical area.

Total CPD Formula Funds: This is the total amount of CPD formula funds that will be used to address needs identified in the plan.

Prior Year Formula Funds: Identify amount of prior year CPD formula funds that will be used during the program year to address needs identified in the plan.

Assisted Housing: Identify the amount of Assisted Housing program funds that will be used during the program year to address needs identified in the plan.

PHA (Public Housing Agency): Identify the amount of public housing agency program funds that will be used during the program year to address needs identified in the plan.

Other Funding: Identify amount of funding from other HUD or non-HUD sources that will be used during the program year to address needs identified in the plan.

Total: This is the total amount of funds that will be used to address needs identified in the plan.

Project/Activity Details:

CDBG Citation: Enter the CDBG regulatory citation based upon the matrix code that you selected.

CDBG National Objective: Use this field only if you enter an amount greater than zero for CDBG \$. You should indicate the National Objective for the CDBG program that this activity will meet.

Type of Recipient: Indicate the type of recipient that will be administering the activity.

Performance Indicator: Enter the performance indicator that most closely describes the type of accomplishment and the most appropriate measure of that accomplishment. The performance should be a reasonable projection of what will be accomplished within the program year.

Annual Units: Enter the total number of the item you have indicated under Performance Indicator that you expect will be accomplished during the program year.

Units Upon Completion: Enter the total number of the item you have indicated under Performance Indicator that you expect will be accomplished after all funds have been spent.

Starting Date: Enter the projected starting date for the activity.

End Date: Enter the projected completion date for the activity.

Project's Primary Purpose: Indicate whether the activity's primary purpose to help the homeless; help persons with HIV/AIDS; help persons with disabilities; address needs of public housing.

Table 4 Priority Public Housing Needs

General Information

This section contains an optional table for describing priority needs of public housing. You should identify all priority public housing restoration and revitalization needs that your community either currently has or will have over the period of time designated in the strategic plan component of this document. This should reflect the results of the citizen participation process and the required consultation with public housing agencies that are located in your jurisdiction.

Priority Need Level Column: Choose the priority for allocating investment to each category of the housing need (if any). Designation of the relative priority is optional. If the following definitions of “high”, “medium”, and “low” priority are not used, please describe the manner in which the priorities for allocating investment are identified. For example, you can indicate a priority for allocating investments with a check mark, a “Y” for “Yes”, a “N” for “No”.

High Priority: The public housing agency or the jurisdiction plan to address this need with Federal funds, either alone or in conjunction with the investment of other public or private funds during the period designated in the strategy portion of this document.

Medium Priority: If funds are available, the public housing agency or jurisdiction may address this need with Federal funds, either alone or in conjunction with the investment of other public or private sector funds during the period of time designated in the strategy portion of this document. Also, the locality will take other actions to help this group locate other sources of funds.

Low Priority: The public housing agency or jurisdiction do not plan to use Federal funds, either alone or in conjunction with the investment of other public or private resources for activities that address this need during the period of time designated in the strategy portion of this document. The jurisdiction will consider certifications of consistency for other entities’ applications for Federal assistance.

No Such Need: The public housing agency or jurisdiction finds this is not a priority need or this need is already substantially addressed.

Estimated Dollars to Address: Enter the estimated expenditure needed (in current dollars) to address the priority public housing needs the locality either currently has or will have over the period of time designated in the strategic plan component of this document. Include all funds (Federal and non-Federal) that would be needed to address the priority needs.

Attachment Neighborhood Revitalization Strategy Areas

A jurisdiction that elects to develop a neighborhood revitalization strategy that includes the economic empowerment of low- and moderate-income persons may, upon HUD approval of the strategy, obtain greater flexibility in the use of CDBG funds in the revitalization area(s). These incentives are as follows:

- (1) **Job Creation/Retention as Low/Mod Area Benefit:** Job creation/retention activities undertaken pursuant to the strategy may be qualified as meeting area benefit requirements, thus eliminating the need for a business to track the income of persons that take, or are considered for, such jobs (24 CFR 570.208(a)(1)(vii) and (d)(5)(i));
- (2) **Aggregation of Housing Units:** Housing units assisted pursuant to the strategy may be considered to be part of a single structure for purposes of applying the low- and moderate-income national objective criteria, thus providing greater flexibility to carry out housing programs that revitalize a neighborhood (24 CFR 570.208(a)(3) and (d)(5)(ii));

(3) **Aggregate Public Benefit Standard Exemption:** Economic development activities carried out under the strategy may, at the grantee's option, be exempt from the aggregate public benefit standards, thus increasing a grantee's flexibility for program design as well as reducing its record-keeping requirements (24 CFR 570.209(b)(2)(v)(L) and (M)); and,

(4) **Public Service Cap Exemption:** Public services carried out pursuant to the strategy by a Community-Based Development Organization will be exempt from the public service cap (24 CFR 570.204(b)(2)(ii)).

In developing a neighborhood revitalization strategy, localities should consider that HUD will approve the strategy for this purpose only if it meets the following criteria:

(1) **Boundaries:** The grantee has identified the neighborhood's boundaries for which the strategy applies. All areas within those boundaries must be contiguous.

(2) **Demographic Criteria:** The designated area must be primarily residential and contain a percentage of low- and moderate-income residents that is equal to the "upper quartile percentage" (as computed by HUD pursuant to 24 CFR 570.208(a)(1)(ii)) or 70 percent, whichever is less, but not less than 51 percent)

(3) **Consultation:** The strategy must be developed in consultation with the area's stakeholders, including residents, owners/operators of businesses and financial institutions, non-profit organizations, and community groups that are in or serve the neighborhood;

(4) **Assessment:** The strategy must include an assessment of the economic situation in the area and an examination of economic development improvement opportunities and the problems likely to be encountered;

(5) **Economic Empowerment:** There must be a realistic development strategy and implementation plan to promote the area's economic progress focusing on activities to create meaningful jobs for the unemployed and low- and moderate-income residents of the area (including jobs created by HUD-assisted efforts) as well as activities to promote the substantial revitalization of the neighborhood; and

(6) **Performance Measurement:** The strategy must identify the results (e.g. physical improvements, social initiatives, economic empowerment, increases in homeownership and property values) expected to be achieved, expressing them in terms of outputs and outcomes that are readily measurable. This will be in the form of "benchmarks."

Since the grantee's HUD CPD Field Office representative will review the neighborhood strategy submission, the grantee should consult with its HUD representative to discuss what existing documents and information the grantee will be relying on for its submission and what information HUD will need to make this approval. Approval of the jurisdiction's Consolidated Plan does not imply approval of a neighborhood revitalization strategy proposal. HUD approval of strategy will be issued separately.